SAFETY DATA SHEET

Boron Trichloride



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Boron Trichloride
Chemical name	: boron trichloride
Other means of identification	 Borane, trichloro-; Boron chloride (BCl3); Trichloroborane; Trichloroboron; BCl3; Boron chloride; Chlorure de bore; UN 1741; Trona boron trichloride
Product type	: Liquefied gas
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: Borane, trichloro-; Boron chloride (BCl3); Trichloroborane; Trichloroboron; BCl3; Boron chloride; Chlorure de bore; UN 1741; Trona boron trichloride
SDS #	: 001005
Supplier's details	: Chengdu Hongjin Chemical Co.,Ltd Room 402, Xixi Central International, Chenghua District, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province, China 86-028-84791130
24-hour telephone	: 86-028-84791130

Section 2 Hazards identification

Section 2. Hazard	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
	POISON CENTER or physician.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: boron trichloride
Other means of identification	 Borane, trichloro-; Boron chloride (BCl3); Trichloroborane; Trichloroboron; BCl3; Boron chloride; Chlorure de bore; UN 1741; Trona boron trichloride
Product code	: 001005

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 10294-34-5		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
boron trichloride		100	10294-34-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled.
Skin contact	 Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness, frostbite
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite, stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up

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Small spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.
Large spill	 Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not breathe gas.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
boron trichloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). C: 0.7 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Thermal hazards	:	If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Gas. (FUMING LIQUID AT LOW TEMPERATURE)
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Pungent.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: -107.3°C (-161.1°F)
Boiling point	: 12.4°C (54.3°F)
Critical temperature	: 177.85°C (352.1°F)
Flash point	: [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: @ 70°F (21.1°C) = 20.6 psia
Vapor density	: 4.03 (Air = 1)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	: 3.3003	
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: 0.303	
Relative density	: Not applicable.	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Not applicable.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.	
Molecular weight	: 117.17 g/mole	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
boron trichloride	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2541 ppm	1 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity Not available.

Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

not available.	
Specific target organ toxici	ty (single exposure)
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)
Not available.	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness, frostbite
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur, frostbite
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite, stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Numerical measures of toxic	ity
Acute toxicity estimates	
Not available	

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1741	UN1741	UN1741	UN1741	UN1741
UN proper shipping name	BORON TRICHLORIDE	BORON TRICHLORIDE	BORON TRICHLORIDE	BORON TRICHLORIDE	BORON TRICHLORIDE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.3 (8)	2.3 (8)	2.3 (8)	2.3 (8)	2.3 (8)
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Toxic - Inhalation hazard Zone C <u>Limited quantity</u> Yes. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: Forbidden. <u>Special provisions</u> 3, B9, B14

Section 14. Transport information

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TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 ERAP Index 500 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: Forbidden.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined		
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: boron trichloride		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
SARA 302/304			

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
boron trichloride	100	Yes.	500	-	500	-

SARA 304 RQ : 500 lbs / 227 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	boron trichloride	10294-34-5	100
Supplier notification	boron trichloride	10294-34-5	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	10	This material is listed.
New York	: 1	This material is listed.

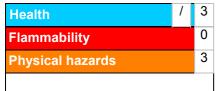
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Date of issue/Date of revision
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Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey	: This material is listed.		
Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania : This material is listed.		
International regulation	<u>s</u>		
Chemical Weapon Cor	nvention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol (An	nexes A, B, C, E)		
Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention	n on Persistent Organic Pollutants		
Not listed.			
	n on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protoc	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals		
Not listed.			
Inventory list			
Australia	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Canada	: This material is listed or exempted.		
China	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Europe	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.		
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.		
Malaysia	: This material is listed or exempted.		
New Zealand	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Philippines	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Republic of Korea	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Taiwan	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Thailand	: Not determined.		
Turkey	: Not determined.		
United States	: This material is listed or exempted.		
Viet Nam	: Not determined.		

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		JustificationAccording to packageOn basis of test dataExpert judgmentExpert judgment	
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1			
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 11/7/2018		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/7/2018		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation		
Version	: 1		
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973		

References

: Not available.

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.