

Y2SED3-F01 **Stepper Driver Hardware Manual**



Guangdong Kaifull Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Version: V1.3 http://www.kaifull.net/



Contents

1. Introduction	3
1.1 Overview	3
1.2 Functional Features:	3
1.3 Technical Parameters	4
2. Installation	5
2.1 Mechanical Dimensions	5
2.2 Power Supply Selection	6
3. Port Wiring	7
3.1 Power Connection	7
3.2 Motor Wiring	8
4. Control Signal Connection	9
4.1 Start & Direction Signals	9
4.2 Enabling Signal	9
4.3 Control Signal Wiring Method	9
4.4 Alarm Output Wiring Method:	10
4.5 Driver status indicator light	11
5. Operating Parameters Setting of Driver	12
5.1 Current Setting	12
5.2 Idle Current	12
5.3 Speed Setting	13
6. Related Precautions:	14
T. C. A. A.W. 'C. H.	1.7



1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

The Kaifull Y2SED3-F01 series driver is a high-performance spontaneous IO controlled stepper motor driver that relies on digital PID technology. It features superior performance, high-speed and large torque output, low noise, low vibration, and low heat generation. The operating current, speed segment and other parameters are set through switch to greatly facilitate customer's applications.

1.2 Functional Features:

• Power supply: 24-75V DC power supply

• Output current: Dial switch setting, 3-position switch selection, maximum 7.8A

• Input: 3 circuits of optoelectronic isolated digital inputs, compatible with 5-24V levels

• Idle current: Select the dial switch, and the current will automatically decrease to 50% or 90% of

the rated current within 1.0 second after the motor stops operating

• Subdivision setting: 4-position dial switch is used to set 16 tap positions of speeds: 10R/S, 9R/S, 8R/S,

7R/S, 6R/S, 5.5R/S, 5R/S, 4.5R/S, 4R/S, 3.5R/S, 3R/S, 2.5R/S, 2R/S, 1.5R/S, 1R/S,

0.5R/S

• Control mode: IO speed, speed mode



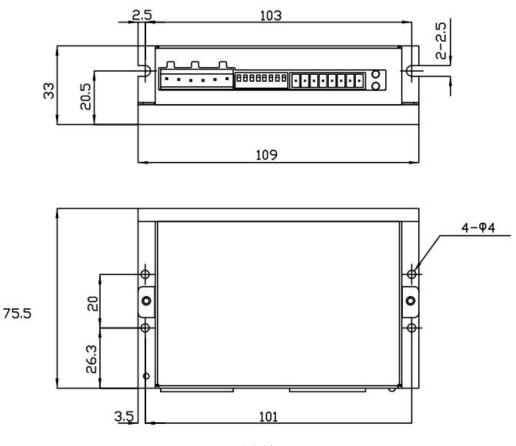
1.3 Technical Parameters

Driver 1	model	Y2SED3-F01	
Adaptiv	ve motor	Adapting to two-phase hybrid stepper motor; it can adapt to the	
		current up to 7.8A	
Power s	Power supply 24- 75V DC		
Output	current	2.4A-7.8A/phase (peak)	
Input signal	STEP (startup) signal	Optocoupler input voltage H=3.5-26V, L=0-0.8V	
	DIR (directional) signal	Conducting current 6-15mA	
	EN (switching to the speed of the		
	second segment) signal		
	OUT (alarm output) signal	Optoelectronic isolation output, maximum withstand voltage	
t Sig		30VDC, maximum saturation current 100mA	
Output Signal			
Dimens	ions	109× 75.5 × 33 cm	
Service environment	Scenario	Avoid dust, oil mist, and corrosive gases	
	Humidity	<85% RH, no condensation	
e envi	Temperature	-20°C - +40°C	
servica	Heat dissipation	Installed in the ventilated environment	



2. Installation

2.1 Mechanical Dimensions



Mass: 0.26 kg

Driver installation:

Install with narrow edges and M4 screws through the holes on both sides. The power components of the driver will generate heat. If it operates continuously under high input voltage and high power conditions, the effective heat dissipation area should be expanded or forced cooling should be applied. Do not use it in areas with poor air circulation or environments with temperatures exceeding 40 °C; do not install the driver at a damp place or at a place with scrap metal.

% 400-960-1069 version No. V1.0



2.2 Power Supply Selection

The chopped mode driver continuously changes the magnitude and direction of the motor winding terminal voltage while detecting the current to obtain accurate phase current. If both high efficiency and low noise are to be ensured, the supply voltage of the driver should be at least 5 times the rated phase voltage of the motor (i.e. the rated phase current of the motor multiplied by the phase resistance). To make the motor provide better high-speed performance, you need to increase the supply voltage of the driver.

If a stabilized voltage supply is used, the supply voltage should not exceed 75V.

If a stabilized voltage supply is used, the voltage should not exceed 34V.

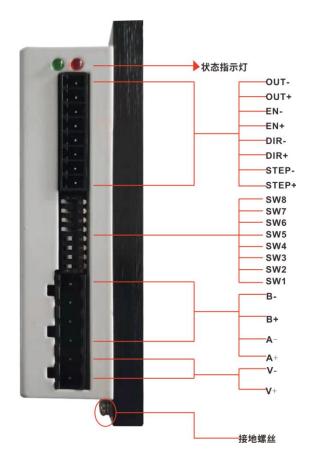
Because the rated current of a non-stabilized voltage supply is full-load current; when the load is light, e.g., the motor is not rotating, the actual voltage can reach 1.4 times the rated voltage of the power supply. If you want the motor to run smoothly and quietly, choose a low voltage.



3. Port Wiring

With reference to the interface relationship diagram, you need to prepare:

24-75VDC, DC power supply with appropriate rate of work Control signal source Matching Kaifull stepper motor



3.1 Power Connection

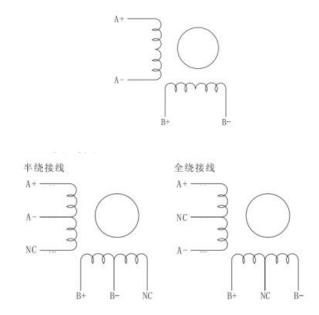
Connect the positive pole of the power supply to the V+of the driver and the negative pole of the power supply to the V - of the driver. Please be careful not to connect reversely, as the damage to the driver caused by reverse power connection cannot be covered by the warranty. Choose an appropriate power supply.

To make the motor provide better high-speed performance, you need to increase the supply voltage of the driver.

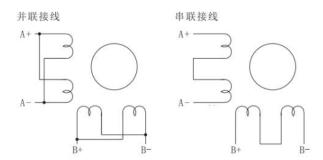


3.2 Motor Wiring

You can only use one method to connect the four-wire motor.



Eight-wire motors can be connected in two methods: series and parallel connection. The motor has a greater torque at the low speed and smaller torque at the high speed during the series connection mode. When operating in series, the motor needs to operate at a current which is equivalent to 50% of the current in the parallel connection mode to avoid overheating.



Warning: When connecting the motor to the driver, please confirm that the motor power has been turned off first. Confirm that the unused motor leads are not short-circuited to other objects. During the power-on period of the driver, the motor cannot be disconnected. Do not connect the motor leads to the ground or power supply.

8 &400-960-1069 version No. V1.0



4. Control Signal Connection

4.1 Start & Direction Signals

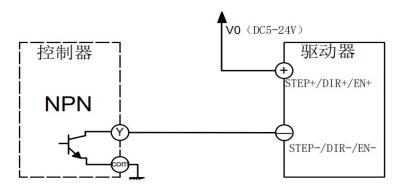
The Y2SED3-F01 driver has two high-speed input ports: STEP and DIR, is equipped with an opto-isolator, and can accept 5-24VDC single-ended or differential signals. The maximum voltage can reach 28V. The direction of motor operation depends on the DIR level signal. When the SETP signal has an electric signal, the DIR is suspended or at a low level, the motor will run clockwise; when the DIR signal is at a high level, the motor will run counterclockwise.

4.2 Enabling Signal

The EN signal input is optoelectronic isolation. It can accept 5-24VDC single-ended or differential signals, with a maximum signal of 28V. When the EN signal is suspended or at a low level (optocoupler is not conducting), the motor will be enabled; when the EN is at a high level (optocoupler is conducting), the motor will be enabled to be turned off.

4.3 Control Signal Wiring Method

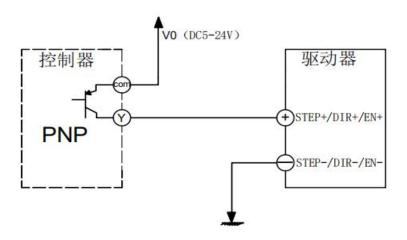
4.3.1 NPN Connection Method



9 &400-960-1069 version No. V1.0



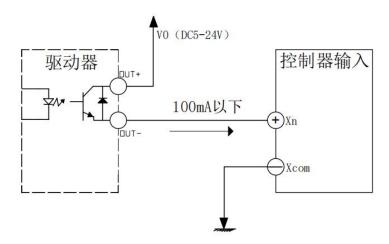
4.3.2 PNP Connection Method



4.4 Alarm Output Wiring Method:

The OUT port is a photoelectric isolated OC output, with a maximum withstand voltage of 30VDC and a maximum saturation current of 100mA. When the driver is working normally, the output optocoupler is not conducting

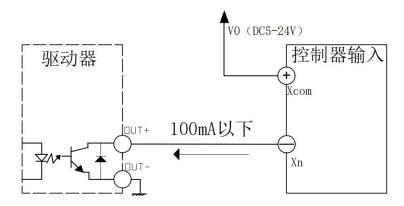
4.4.1 Common cathode:



10 &400-960-1069 version No. V1.0



4.4.2 Common anode:

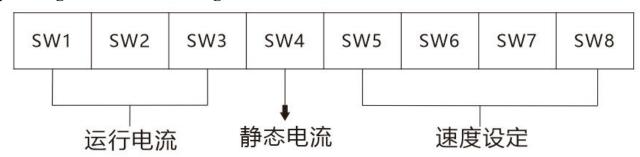


4.5 Driver status indicator light

Indicator light status	Status	Description		
Green light flashing	The driver operates			
	normally			
Green light normally	The driver is not enabled	The EN port has a		
on		high-level input		
3 red lights +1 green	Driver overtemperature	The heat dissipation needs		
light		to be strengthened		
4 red lights and 1	Drive power input	The supply voltage is		
green light	overvoltage	greater than 48VDC		
5 red lights +1 green	Driver overcurrent	Motor wiring error or poor		
light		contact		
6 red lights +1 green	Motor winding open	The motor is not connected		
light	circuit	properly		
3 red lights +2 green	Internal voltage error in	Too small power		
lights	the driver			
4 red LED lights and 2	Drive power input	The supply voltage is less		
green LED lights	undervoltage	than 24VDC		



5. Operating Parameters Setting of Driver



5.1 Current Setting

The Y2SED3-F01 driver sets the peak output current through the SW1, SW2, and SW3 dial switches. Generally, the current is set to the rate current of the motor. If your system has high requirements for heating, you can reduce the current appropriately to reduce the motor heating, but the output torque of the motor will also decrease. If you do not require the motor to run continuously, you may increase the operating current appropriately to obtain greater torque, but be careful not to exceed 1.5 times the rated current of the motor.

*Factory setting: minimum current

Operating current (peak)	SW1	SW2	SW3
7.8A	OFF	OFF	OFF
7.0A	ON	OFF	OFF
6.4A	OFF	ON	OFF
5.6A	ON	ON	OFF
4.8A	OFF	OFF	ON
4.0A	ON	OFF	ON
3.2A	OFF	ON	ON
2.4A	ON	ON	ON

5.2 Idle Current

The operating current of the driver can automatically decrease when the motor stops running, and SW4 sets the idle current as a percentage relationship of the operating current. When a high torque needs to be outputted, a 90% setting is the most effective. To reduce the heat generated by the motor and driver, it is recommended to minimize idle current as far as possible when allowed.



5.3 Speed Setting

The Y2SED3-F01 driver sets speed values through SW5, SW6, SW7, and SW8 dial switches, with 16 options available. RPS: Revolution per second

Speed (RPS)	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
0.5	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1.0	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
1.5	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
2.0	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
2.5	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3.0	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
3.5	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
4.0	ON	ON	ON	OFF
4.5	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
5.0	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
5.5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
6.0	ON	ON	OFF	ON
7.0	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
8.0	ON	OFF	ON	ON
9.0	OFF	ON	ON	ON
10	ON	ON	ON	ON



6. Related Precautions:

Current

The maximum supply current should be the sum of the two-phase current. Generally, the current you need depends on the motor model, voltage, speed and load conditions. The actual power supply current value is significantly lower than this maximum current value because the driver uses a switching amplifier to convert high voltage and low current into low voltage and high current. The more the power supply voltage exceeds the motor voltage, the less supply current is required. When the motor is connected to a 48V power supply for operation, the output current of the power supply will be half of the output current of the 24V power supply.

Wiring requirements

- (1)To prevent interference with the driver, it is recommended to use shielded cables for control signals, and the shielding layer should be short circuited to the ground wire. Unless otherwise specified, the shielded wire of the control signal cable should be grounded at one end: the upper computer end of the shielded wire should be grounded, and the driver end of the shielded wire should be suspended. Grounding is only allowed at the same point within the same machine. If it is not a true grounding wire, it may cause serious interference, and the shielding layer is not connected at this time.
- (2) Pulse and direction signal lines are not allowed to be tied side by side with motor lines. It is best to separate them at least 10cm. Otherwise, the motor noise can easily interfere with pulse direction signals, causing motor positioning errors, system instability and other faults.
 - (3) If a power supply supplies multiple drivers, parallel connection should be adopted at the power supply, and chain connection from one to another is not allowed.
- (4) It is strictly prohibited to plug and unplug the strong electric (motor and power) terminals of the driver with electricity. When the charged motor stops, there is still a large current flowing through the coil. You may cause a huge instantaneous induced electric potential to burn out the driver by plugging and unplugging the strong electric (motor and power) terminals.
 - (5) It is strictly prohibited to solder the wire head and connect it to the wiring terminal. Otherwise, it may overheat and damage the terminal due to increased contact resistance.

The wiring terminal should not be exposed outside the terminal to prevent accidental short circuit and damage to the driver



7. Contact Kaifull

凯福电机 KAIFULL

全国服务热线:

400-960-1069

投诉电话: 余先生 13790335790

公司传真: 0769-22493047

联系邮箱: yushuiliang@kaifull.net

公司总部:广东省东莞市莞城区旗峰路162号中侨大厦7C1 湖北分公司:武汉市东湖开发区光谷时代广场B幢1810室 江苏分公司:苏州市吴中区郭巷东环南路999号A幢609-2号 深圳分公司:深圳市龙岗坂田街道坂田国际中心H栋9楼916室





凯福 官方微信

移动版官网