# SPM93 Three Phase Energy Meter Installation & Operation Manual

V 1.7





# Danger and warning!

This device can be installed only by professionals.

The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any accident caused by the failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

# Risks of electric shocks, burning, or explosion

- This device can be installed and maintained only by qualified people.
- Before operating the device, isolate the voltage input and power supply and short-circuit the secondary windings of all current transformers.
- Use appropriate voltage tester to make sure the voltage has been cut-off.
- Put all mechanical parts, doors, or covers in their original positions before energizing the device.
- Always supply the device with the correct working voltage during its operation.

Failure to take these preventive measures could cause damage to equipment or injuries to people.

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## **1. Product Description**

SPM93 DIN rail energy meter is a kind of new style three phase whole electronic type meter. The meter is completely conformed to the relative requirements of the International Standard IDT IEC 62053-21:2003 (Class 1 ), IDT IEC 62053-22:2003(Class 0.5S ). It is an integration of up-to-date micro-electronics technique, special large scale integra rcuit, advanced technique of digital sampling technique and SMT techniques etc.

SPM93 three phase energy meter is used for measuring active energy power consumption in a rated frequency of 50Hz or 60Hz three phase alternating current circuit. LCD display total kWh (Imp. & Exp.), total kWh (Imp. & Exp.), Multi-tariff energy, voltage, current, power, power factor, frequency. It is characterized with good reliability, compact size, light weight, specious nice appearance and easy installation.

# 2. Features

- ♦ 35mm DIN installing, in accordance with Standard DIN EN50022
- High accuracy, active energy accuracy up to class 1 ,class 0.5S
- 7+1 digits LCD display (9999999.9 kWh)
- 2 Passive pulse output, output signal is in accordance with Standard DIN43864
- ◆ LED indicates pulse (Settable for kWh or kvarh)
- Key-press for local parameter setting and clean energy, password protection
- RS485 communication port, Modbus protocol
- Record historical energy for last 31days, last 12 month and last 10 years
- Freeze data per 15 min daily

# 3. Order Information



Note:

1. SPM93 default rated voltage 220V, frequency 50Hz.

Example 1: Model No. DFPM93-63-V1-50, which indicates the device provides basic function, accuracy class 1, rated current is 5(63)A , provides optional TOU (Multi-tariff) function and rated voltage input is 220/380V, 50Hz.

# 4. Figure and Installation Dimension

### SPM93 dimension:







# 5. Wiring

There are two connection modes: direct connection and indirect connection through CT.

 For Model 5(63)A, SPM93 should be connected directly. Direct connection drawing, in 3-phase 4-wire system.



Figure 5-1 Direct connection type

(2) For model 5(6)A, SPM93 should be connect though external CT. Indirect connection drawing through CT, in 3-phase 4-wire system (Suggest to connect all 3 phase).



Figure 5-2 Current transformer connection type



gure 5-2 Current transformer connection type



#### Note:

(1) For both 5(6)A and 5(63)A model, terminal 11, 12 and terminal 13, 14 can be set

as pulse output port of kWh or kvarh. And pulse constant is settable.

(2) All Pulse output port are passive pulse output, power supply range 5~30Vdc.

(3) Terminal 15,16 is 485 communication terminal, 485B:485-, 485A:485+

(4) One bus is not recommended to connect more than 30pcs DFPM93, the total

length of the communication line is not recommended more than 800 meters

# 6. Display and Keys

# 6.1 LCD display instruction



The device also has is two LED light : PULSE1, PULSE2

# 6.2 Data Display

There has 4 categories for display menu:

- 1. Consumption value menu (default interface)
- 2. Real-time value menu
- 3. Configuration menu
- 4. Setting menu

How to switch to each menu?



### 6.2.1 Keys

Menu	Consumption	Real-time	Configuration	Setting menu
definition	value menu	value menu	menu	
Кеу				
	Switch to	Switch to	Switch to	Move
│	Real-time value	Consumption	Consumption	cursor /Exit to
	Menu	value menu	value menu	Configuration
				menu
	Turn page	Turn page	Turn page	Turn
				page/modify
				value
	Switch to	Switch to	Switch to	Modify / Save
┥ ←	configuration	configuration	setting menu	
	menu	menu	(>3s)	

Note1: if the input wrong password, then user can't modify parameter, LCD will prompt password error. After 5s later, it will return to the interface inquiry.

### 6.2.2 Real-time consumption value interface



# Push A display as below:

ltem	LCD display	Remark
Total active energy	<sup>€</sup> 19032`476™	7+1 digit display Max. 9999999.9kWh
Total reactive energy	<sup>•</sup> 93082 <sup>°</sup> 146 <sub>800</sub>	
Import active energy		
Export active energy		
Import reactive energy		
Export reactive energy	E SB Kvan	
T1=Tariff 1# active energy	E 48398	
T2=Tariff 2# active energy		

T3=Tariff 3# active energy		
T4=Tariff 4# active energy	E [88.3 km	
Date		
Time	I4: 19:38	

### 6.2.3 Real-time value interface



Item	LCD display	Remark
Phase A	יפחחכ ג א ש	Voltage data display two
voltage		decimal, Unit: V,
Phase B		Unsigned 16-digit
voltage		integer
Phase C	אחחהר א	
voltage	<u>° C JUUS</u>	
Phase A		Current data display
current	- <u>9038 i</u>	three decimal, Unit: A,
Phase B		Unsigned 32-digit
current	<u> </u>	integer
Phase C		
current		
Phase A active		Active power data
power	<u>i</u> ````	display three decimal,
Phase B active		Unit: kW, Signed 32-digit
power	Рв. <b>9. ( 710</b> км	integer.
		When it is negative data,
Phase C active	°. 10`134∞	only display two decimal.

Phase A reactive power	Q A	(933	
Phase B reactive power	C B	<u>9</u> . 170	
Phase C reactive powe	ß	10. <sup>^</sup> 734,	
Total active power	P	20 <u>`</u> 3 /8∞	
Phase A power factor	PF A	<u>0</u> 938	Power factor data display three decimal,
Phase B power factor	PFB	<u>0</u> 987	Signed 16-digit integer.
Phase C power factor	PF c	<u>0</u> 99 (	
Total power factor	PF	0,989	
Frequency	F	4 <u>999</u> ∗	Frequency data display three decimal, Unsigned 16-digit integer.

Note: Definition of data type for active power, reactive power and power factor as below:



### 6.2.4 Configuration interface



In any consumption / real time value interface, Push <</td>
 to enter into configuration

Item	LCD display	Remark
MODBUS		MODBUS address, range:
address	Xqq- Inn	1~247, default 1
MODBUS		MODBUS baud rate, range:
baud rate	pxq-2pnn	9600, 4800, 2400,1200 default
		9600bps
	6X9-4800	
	חחור °, חו	
	DXQ-C400	
	ຸດ ເ <sup>°</sup> ເວດດ	
	DNG-ICUU	
CT ratio	77° /	CT ratio is the ratio of current
		primary and secondary. Range
		1~1000, default 1.
		When select 5(6)A model, should
		connect with external CT.
Connection		Fixed to 3 phase 4 wire
mode	<u> </u>	
Pulse	0 ° (000	63A:Pulse output constant,
constant	7-V- 1000	default 400
		5A:Pulse output constant, default
		6400

communicat		standard MODBUS protocol,and
ion protocol	נטט -חיץ	it's default
	Pro- dl]	DLT:645-2007 protocol
Version	חחחו ° וחחח	Version number, can't change
information		
SN		Display SN code in two screens
number	54-	
	10003200	
Clean	°	Clean consumption energy (total
energy	lit- no	energy, import / export energy))
		When select "YES" and confirm,
	115- 252	then the meter will clean the
		energy.
Clean	<b>~</b>	Clean historical energy, including
historical	iiX- no	daily energy, monthly, yearly
energy		energy. When select "YES" and
	114- 352	confirm, then the meter will clean
		the energy.

### 6.2.5 Setting interface



In configuration menu, press 🛹 >3s to enter into setting menu

Password	PRS-0000	4 digit password
		Supper password: 4567
		Default: 0000
	7X2 277	Only when input right password,
		can user modify parameter
		Otherwise it will prompt password
		error, then return to configuration
		interface after 5s later.

< to move cursor.

Note 2: If input wrong password, user can't modify parameter, display prs- Err, then return to configuration interface after 5s later.

Note 3: If input correct password, LCD display will skip to MODBUS address interface, the farthest right digit flashing, customer can press  $\checkmark$  to modify flashing digit (circle display from 0~9) and press  $\lt$  to move cursor.

Note 4: In setting interface, press << to enter setting status or save and exit setting status.

Note 5: Press  $\triangleleft$  to exit to real-time consumption value interface, when in non-modify status.

# 7. Functions

# 7.1 Historical energy data

1. SPM93 records the historical energy data as below:

1) Monthly total kWh (imp. & exp.), total kvarh (imp. & exp.), total kWh, total kvarh. (last 12 months)

2) Yearly total kWh (imp. & exp.), total kvarh (imp. & exp.), total kWh, total kvarh. (last 10 years)

2. SPM93 support freeze daily energy data and provide 2 kinds of data:

- 1) Freeze yesterday energy data from 22:00 to 24:00
- 2) Freeze day energy data per 15min from 00:00, and refresh data daily.

Note: User can inquiry historical energy data via MODBUS register.

# 7.2 TOU (Multi-tariff Energy)

SPM93 statistics energy of different tariffs.

SPM93 supports 2 tariff lists. Users can set the 2 lists separately. Each tariff list can be set max. 8 periods in one day and 4 different tariff (F1, F2, F3, F4 means 4 kinds of tariff, and F1 for Sharp, F2 for Peak, F3 for Flat, F4 for Valley).

Below example for setting the tariff lists:

Tariff List	Num. of period	Period order	Starting time (to end time)	Tariff
Tariff List 1	8	1st period	00:00 (to 03:00)	F1

		2nd period	03:00 (to 06:00)	F2
		3rd period	06:00 (to 09:00)	F4
		4th period	09:00 (to 12:00)	F3
		5th period	12:00 (to 15:00)	F1
		6th period	15:00 (to 18:00)	F4
	7th period	18:00 (to 21:00)	F2	
	8th period	21:00 (to 00:00)	F3	
		1st period	06:00 (to 10:00)	F1
Tariff List 2 5	2nd period	10:00 (to 12:00)	F2	
	5	3rd period	12:00 (to 14:00)	F1
		4th period	14:00 (to 20:00)	F3
	5th period	20:00 (to 06:00 of next day)	F4	

There are 2 modes to calculate the multi-tariff energy: Date Mode and Holiday Mode.

Under Date Mode, it divides one year (365 days) into 2 periods

Under Holiday Mode, it divides the days by working day and holiday. There has 2 mode in Holiday Mode.

- 1. Working day is from Monday to Friday. Holiday is from Saturday to Sunday.
- 2. Working day is from Sunday to Thursday. Holiday is from Friday to Saturday.

Below example for setting the mode:

Mada	Time Zone 1	Time Zone 2
wode	( use the Tariff List 1)	( use the Tariff List 2)
Date Mode	From Apr.1 to Sep. 30	From Oct.1 to Mar.31 of next year
Holiday Mode 1	From Mon. to Fri.	From Sat. to Sun.
Holiday Mode 2	From Sun. to Thurs.	From Fri. to Sat.

#### Attention

1. Users can divide one day (24 hours) up to 8 periods, and set 4 tariff maximum.

2. Each period must >15 minutes, and the duration must be a multiple of 15.

3. The starting time of each period must be in ascending order

4. The multi-tariff only can be set from communication. It can't be set on panel.

5. If 2 different periods use the same tariff, the meter will combine the energy of 2 periods together.

6. The system default that: Time Zone 1 uses the Tariff List 1, and Time Zone 2 use

the Tariff List 2. User can't change it.

# 8. Main Technical Parameter

Rated voltage	3×220Vph-N, direct		
	3×120Vph-N, direct (optional)		
Rated (Max.) current	3×5(6) A/ CT		
	3×5(63) direct		
Input frequency	50Hz or 60Hz		
Power supply	self-supply		
	220V, (176V-275V)		
	120V, (96V-140V)		
	If only connect 1 phase, RS485 port will not work.		
Starting current	0.4%lb		
Power consumption	<10VA		
Insulating property	Power frequency withstand voltage: AC 2 kV		
	Impulse withstand voltage: 6 kV		
Accuracy	Class 1		
Pulse output	1000imp		
Communication	RS485 output, Modbus-RTU protocol		
	Address: 1~247		
	Baudrate: 2400bps, 4800bps, 9600bps		
Connection mode	3-phase 4-wire		
Dimension	72×100×65mm		

Installation mode	Standard 35mm DIN rail		
Operating environment	Operating temperature: -10 °C ~+55 °C		
	Storage temperature: -40℃~+70℃		
	Relative humidity: 5%~95%,non-condensing		
Electrostatic discharge in	nmunity test	IEC61000-4-2,Level 4	
Radiated immunity test		IEC61000-4-3,Level 3	
Electrical fast transient/ burst immunity test		IEC61000-4-4,Level 4	
Surge immunity test (1,2/50µs~8/20µs)		IEC61000-4-5,Level 4	
Conducted Emission test		EN55022, Class B	
Radiated Emission test		EN55022, Class B	

# 9. Communication Protocol

### 9.1. Introduction

This part describes the Modbus communications protocol employed by the SPM93 and how to pass information into and out of the SPM93 in a Modbus network.

### 9.1.1 Purpose of the Communication Protocol

The purpose of the SPM93 Modbus communications protocol is to allow setup information and measured data to be efficiently transferred between a Modbus Master Station and a DFPM93. This includes:

1) Allowing configuration and interrogation of all SPM93 set-up parameters from a Modbus Master Station.

2) Allowing interrogation of all data measured by DFPM93.

### 9.1.2 Version of Communication Protocol

The version is proper for all DFPM93, which have leaved Pilot. If any change happens later, it will be indicated.

### 9.2. Detailed Description of SPM93 Modbus Protocol

### 9.2.1 SPM93 Modbus Protocol Rules

The following rules define the protocol for information transfer between a Modbus Master device and the SPM93 in a RS-485 serial communications loop.

 All communications on the RS-485 loop conforms to a Master/ Slave scheme. In this scheme, information and data is transferred between a Modbus Master device and up to 32 Slave monitoring devices.

 The Master will initiate and control all information transfer on the RS-485 communications loop.

3) Under no circumstances will a Slave device initiate a communications sequence.

4) All communications activity on the RS-485 loop occurs in the form of "Packet", a packet being simply a serial string of 8-bit bytes. The maximum number of bytes contained within one packet is 128. The bytes that comprise a packet consist of standard asynchronous serial data, which are generated using equipment similar to that used for RS-232C.

5) The packages from Master are named request. The packages from Slave are named response.

6) Under any circumstance, Slave can just respond one request.

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### 9.2.2 Modes of Transmission

Modbus protocol supports ASCII and RTU modes of transmissions. The SPM93 supports only the RTU mode of transmission with **8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.** 

### 9.2.3 Description of the Modbus Packet Structure

- Every Modbus packet consists of four fields:
- 1) The Address Field
- 2) The Function Field
- 3) The Data Field
- 4) The Error Check Field

### 9.2.3.1 Address Field

The Address Field is 1-byte long and identifies which Slave device the packet is for. Valid addresses range between 1 and 247. The Slave device whose address matches the value in this field will perform the command specified in the Packet. The respond packet of Slave should be its own address.

### 9.2.3.2 Function Field

The Function Field is 1-byte long and tells the addressed slave which function to perform. The Modbus functions supported by the SPM93 are listed in below Figure.

Function	Meaning	Action
0x01	Read Relay Output Status	Obtains ON/ OFF information of one or more relay output in SPM93 (0/1)
0x03	Read Registers	Obtains the current value in one or more holding registers of the DFPM93.
0x05	Relay control	Write 0xFF00 to close (ON) the relay Write 0x0000 to open (OFF) the relay
0x10	Preset Registers	Places specific binary values into a series of consecutive holding registers of the SPM93

### 9.2.3.3 Data Field

The Data Field varies in length depending on whether the message is a request or a response packet. This field typically contains information required by the Slave device to perform the command specified in a request packet or data being passed back by the Slave device in a response packet.

In general, registers are transmitted in the order of high-order byte first, low order

byte second.

#### For Example 2.1

One 16-bit register has the content 0x12AB, the register is transmitted:

High order byte = 0x12

Low order byte = 0xAB

#### 9.2.3.4 Error Check Field (Checksum)

This field allows the receiving device to determine if a packet has been corrupted with transmission errors. In Modbus RTU mode, the 16-bit Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC-16) is used. The sending device calculates a 16-bit value, based on the information stored in the address, function and data fields using the CRC-16 algorithm and appends it to the end of the packet. The receiving device performs the same calculation upon the reception of a packet. If the result does not match the checksum stored in the packet, transmission errors have occurred and the packet will be ignored by the receiving device.

#### 9.2.4 Exception Responses

If a Modbus master device sends a noneffective command to a SPM93 or attempts to read a noneffective holding register, an exception response will be generated. The exception response consists of the slave address, function code, error code, and error check field. The high order bit of the function code is set to 1 to indicate that the packet is an exception response. Below Figure describes the exception codes

supported by the SPM93 and their possible causes.

Name of Function Code	Meaning
01H	SPM93 only support function code: 01H, 02H,
	03H, 05H.
	This code indicates the Slave device receives
	noneffective function code, or receives an error
	command.
02H	Receive a noneffective operation or the length of
	package exceeds 128 bytes.
03H	The requested data start from an uncompleted
	address

### 9.2.5 Broadcast Packets

The SPM93 supports broadcast commands when communicating in MODBUS mode. Do write command 0x10 for timing.

# 9.3. Packet Communication

Two MODBUS functions are supported by the DFPM93. The standard MODBUS protocol supports only 16-bit registers, which limit the maximum value of any measurement to 65535.

Section 9.3.1 will describe the format of Read/ Response Packet of relay output.

Section 9.3.2 will describe the format of Read/ Response Packet of holding register.

Section 9.3.3 will describe the relay control command

Section 9.3.4 will describe Preset Multiple Registers packet and the acknowledge packet.

### 9.3.1 Read the Relay Output Status (Function Code 01H)

Use 01 command to read the relay status. Relays are addressed starting at 0: relay 1 is addressed as 0.

The relay status data in response packet is packed as one bit for one relay. 1= ON, 0 = OFF.

The LSB (Least Significant Bit) of the first data byte contains the request addressing output. Other relay is same as this, until to the high bit of this byte, and rank from low bit to high bit in the followed byte.

If the return output Num. is not a multiple of 8, it will use zero to fill in the remainder bit of last data byte (until to the high bit of the byte). The byte count field specifies all byte num. of the data.

Request Packet		Response Packet		
(Master→DFPM93)		(DFPM93→Master)		
Unit ID/ Slave	1 byte	Unit ID/ Slave	1 byte	
address		address		
---------------------	---------	---------------------	---------	
01H (Function Code)	1 byte	01H (Function Code)	1 byte	
Starting address	2 bytes	Byte num. (N)	1 byte	
Relay num.	2 bytes	Relay status	N bytes	
CRC check code	2 bytes	CRC check code	2 bytes	

N = output num.  $\div$  8, if remainder  $\neq$ 0, then N=N+1.

### 9.3.2. Read Holding Registers (Function Code 03H)

This command packet requests that the SPM93 responds all valid registers. The value of reserved registers is 0.

Request Packet		Response Packet	
(Master→DFPM93)		(DFPM93→Master)	
Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte	Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte
03 H (Function Code)	1 byte	03 H (Function Code)	1 byte
Start register address	2 bytes	Byte num.	1 byte
		(2 * register num.)	
Registers num.	2 bytes	First register data	2 bytes
CRC check code	2 bytes	Second register data	2 bytes
		CRC check code	2 bytes

#### 9.3.3 Relay Control (Function Code 05H)

Use 05 command to control the relay. Relays are addressed starting at 0: relay 1 is addressed as 0.

The requested ON/OFF relay is specified by a constant in the data field.

Data Field is 0xFF00, request the relay to be ON.

Data Field is 0x0000, request the relay to be OFF.

All other values are illegal and will not affect the relay.

Request Packet		Response Packet	
(Master→DFPM93)		(DFPM93→Master)	
Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte	Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte
05 H (Function Code)	1 byte	05 H (Function Code)	1 byte
Start register address	2 bytes	Start register address	2 bytes
Data field	FF	Data field	FF
Data field	00	Data field	00
CRC check code	2 bytes	CRC check code	2 bytes

#### 9.3.4 Preset Multiple Registers (Function code 10H)

Preset Registers Format		Response Format		
(Master→DFPM93)		(DFPM93→Master)		
Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte	Unit ID/ Slave address	1 byte	
10 H (Function Code)	1 byte	10 H (Function Code)	1 byte	
Start register address	2 bytes	Start register address	2 bytes	
Register num.	2 bytes	Register num.	2 bytes	
Byte num.	1 byte	CRC check code	2 bytes	
(2 * register num.)				
First register data	2 bytes			
Second register data	2 bytes			
CRC check code	2 bytes			

This command packet allows the Master to program the SPM93 setup parameters.

Note: SPM93 presume all registers are continuous from the first one.

### 9.4. Calculating the CRC-16 Error Check Field

This section describes the procedure for obtaining the CRC-16 error check field. A packet can be considered as a continuous, serial stream of binary data (ones and zeros). The 16-bit checksum is obtained by multiplying the serial data stream by 216 (1000000000000000) and then dividing it by the *generator polynomial* 

(X<sup>16</sup>+X<sup>15</sup>+X<sup>2+</sup>1), which can be expressed as a binary data 11000000000000101. The quotient is ignored and the 16-bit remainder is the checksum and is appended to end of the packet. The receiving device performs the same operation on the entire packet including the checksum. The packet, when divided by the generator polynomial, should give a zero remainder if no transmission errors have occurred. In calculating the CRC, all arithmetic operations (additions and subtractions) are performed using MODULO TWO, or EXCLUSIVE OR operation.

Steps for generating the CRC-16 checksum:

1) Form a new polynomial by dropping the MSB (Most Significant Bit) of the generator polynomial and reversing the bit sequence. This yields the binary number 1010 0000 0000 0001 or A0 01 Hex.

2) Load a 16-bit register with initial value FF FF Hex.

 Exclusive OR the first data byte with the loworder byte of the 16-bit register, storing the result in the 16-bit register.

4) Shift the 16-bit register one bit to the right.

5a) If the bit shifted out to the right is one, Exclusive OR the 16-bit register with the new generator polynomial, with result stored in the16-bit register. Return to step 4.

5b) If the bit shifted out to the right is zero, return to step 4.

6) Repeat steps 4 and 5 until 8 shifts have been performed.

7) Exclusive OR the next data byte with the 16-bit register.

8) Repeat steps 4 through 7 until all bytes of the packet have been Exclusive ORed

with the 16-bit register and shifted 8 times.

9) The content of the 16-bit register is the checksum and is appended to the end of the packet.

Steps	Byte	Operation	Register	Bit#	Shifts
2		Initial value	1111 1111 1111 1111		
	1	Load the first data byte	0000 0000 0110 0100		
3		XOR	1111 1111 1001 1011		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0111 1111 1100 1101	1	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1101 1111 1100 1100		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0110 1111 1110 0110	2	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0011 0111 1111 0011	3	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0001 1011 1111 1001	4	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1011 1011 1111 1000		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0101 1101 1111 1100	5	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0010 1110 1111 1110	6	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0001 0111 0111 1111	7	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0000 1011 1011 1111	8	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1010 1011 1011 1110		

Below is an example to calculate CRC checksum for a hexadecimal byte 6403:

	2	Load the second data byte	0000 0000 0000 0011		
7		XOR	1010 1011 1011 1101		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0101 0101 1101 1110	1	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1111 0101 1101 1111		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0111 1010 1110 1111	2	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1101 1010 1110 1110		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0110 1101 0111 0111	3	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0011 0110 1011 1011	4	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1001 0110 1011 1010		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0100 1011 0101 1101	5	0
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0010 0101 1010 1110	6	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1000 0101 1010 1111		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0100 0010 1101 0111	7	1
5a		XOR generator polynomial	1110 0010 1101 0110		
4		Shift 1 bit to right	0111 0001 0110 1011	8	0
		CRC-16	0111 0001 0110 1011		

### 9.5. SPM93 Register List

All SPM93 measured and setup parameters are treated as HOLDING REGISTERS having addresses **4xxxx** when communicating in Modbus protocol. According to the MODBUS Protocol, in response to a request for register **4xxxx** of a particular slave device, the MODBUS master reads register **xxxx-1** from the slave. For example register 40011 corresponds to register 10.

Data Type:

Items	Access and Type	Description
1	RO	Read only
2	WO	Write only
3	RW	Read or Write
4	UINT16	Unsigned 16 digits integer
5	INT16	Signed 16 digits integer
6	LUINT32	Unsigned 32 digits integer
7	LINT32	Signed 32 digits integer
8	WORD16	Bit denotation word, applicable to on-off
		or relay channel.
		D0 refers to the first on-off or relay
		channel.
		D1 refers to the second on-off or relay
		channel

The rest bits may be deduced by analogy

Bit 0 refers to "off", and bit 1 refers to "on"

Note: LUINT32 including 2 register address

LINT32 including 2 register addres

#### 9.5.1 Real-time value register list

### 9.5.1.1 Common used real time value register

Register No.	Access	Definition	Data Type	Remarks
40001	RO	Va (ph-N)		× 0.01, unit: V
40002	RO	Vb (ph-N)	UINT16	× 0.01, unit: V
40003	RO	Vc (ph-N)		× 0.01, unit: V
40004	RO	la.		× 0.001, unit: A
40005	RO	la		× 0.001, unit: A
40006	RO	lb	LUINT32	× 0.001, unit: A
40007	RO	di		× 0.001, unit: A
40008	RO	la		x 0.001 unit: A
40009				× 0.001, unit. A
40010	RO	Frequency	UINT16	× 0.01, unit:
				Hz, Secondary

				value
40011	RO	Total Power Factor	INT16	× 0.001, Secondary value
40012	RO	Total apparent	LUINT32	× 0.01, Unit:
40013	RO	power		VA, Secondary value
40014	RO	Total active	LUINT32	× 0.1, unit:
40015		energy		kWh, primary value
40016	RO	Total reactive	LUINT32	× 0.1, unit:
40017		energy		kvarh, primary value
40018	RO	Phase A active	LINT32	× 0.01, unit: W
40019		power		
40020	RO	Phase B active		× 0.01, unit: W
40021		power		
40022	RO	Phase C active		× 0.01, unit: W
40023		power		
40024	RO	Total active	LINT32	× 0.01, unit: W
40025		power		

40026	RO	Phase A reactive	LINT32	× 0.01, unit:
40027		power		var
40028	RO	Phase B reactive	LINT32	× 0.01, unit:
40029		power		var
40030	RO	Phase C reactive	LINT32	× 0.01, unit:
40031		power		var
40032	RO	Total reactive	LINT32	× 0.01, unit:
40033		power		var

# 9.5.1.2 All Real time value register

Register No.	Access	Definition	Data Type	Remarks
40101	RO	Va (ph-N)		× 0.01, unit: V
40102	RO	Vb (ph-N)	UINT16	× 0.01, unit: V
40103	RO	Vc (ph-N)		× 0.01, unit: V
40104	RO	Vab (ph-ph)		× 0.01, unit: V
40105	RO	Vbc (ph-ph)		× 0.01, unit: V
40106	RO	Vca (ph-ph)		× 0.01, unit: V
40107	RO	1-		
40108		la	LUINT32	× 0.001, unit: A
40109	RO	lb		× 0.001, unit: A

40110				
40111	RO	lc.		x 0.001 upit: A
40112				× 0.001, unit. A
40113	RO	Average current		× 0.001, unit: A
40114				
40115	RO	Phase A active	LINT32	× 0.01, unit: W
40116		power		
40117	RO	Phase B active		× 0.01, unit: W
40118		power		
40119	RO	Phase C active		× 0.01, unit: W
40120		power		
40121	RO	Total active		× 0.01, unit: W
40122		power		
40123	RO	Phase A reactive		× 0.01, unit:
40124		power		var
40125	RO	Phase B reactive		× 0.01, unit:
40126		power		var
40127	RO	Phase C reactive		× 0.01, unit:
40128		power		var
40129	RO	Total reactive		× 0.01, unit:

40130		power		var
40131	RO	Phase A	LUINT32	× 0.01, unit:
40132		apparent power		VA
40133	RO	Phase B		× 0.01, unit:
40134		apparent power		VA
40135	RO	Phase C		× 0.01, unit:
40136		apparent power		VA
40137	RO	Total apparent		× 0.01, unit:
40138		power		VA
40139	RO	Phase A power		x 0.001
		factor		
40140	RO	Phase B power		× 0.001
		factor	INT16	
40141	RO	Phase C power		× 0.001
		factor		
40142	RO	Total power		× 0.001
		factor		
40143	RO	Frequency	UINT16	× 0.01, unit:
				Hz

### 9.5.2 Energy Data Registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Data Type	Remark
41001	RO	lmp. kWh	LUINT32	× 0.1, unit:
41002				kWh
41003	RO	Exp. kWh		× 0.1, unit:
41004				kWh
41005	RO	Total kWh		× 0.1, unit:
41006				kWh
41007	RO	lmp. kvarh		× 0.1, unit:
41008				kvarh
41009	RO	Exp. kvarh		× 0.1, unit:
41010				kvarh
41011	RO	RO Total kvarh		× 0.1, unit:
41012				kvarh
41013	RO	Total kWh of		× 0.1, unit:
41014		tariff 1#		kWh
41015	RO	Total kWh of		× 0.1, unit:
41016		tariff 2#		kWh

41017 41018	RO	Total kWh of tariff 3#		× 0.1, unit: kWh
41019	RO	Total kWh of	LUINT32	× 0.1, unit:
41020		tariff 4#		kWh
41021	RO	Total kvarh of		× 0.1, unit:
41022		tariff 1#		kvarh
41023	RO	Total kvarh of		× 0.1, unit:
41024		tariff 2#		kvarh
41025	RO	Total kvarh of		× 0.1, unit:
41026		tariff 3#		kvarh
41027	RO	Total kvarh of		× 0.1, unit:
41028		tariff 4#		kvarh
41029	RO	Reserve		× 0.1, unit:
41030				kWh
41031	RO	Reserve		× 0.1, unit:
41032				kvarh

# 9.5.3 Historical Energy Data Registers

9.5.3.1 Daily	Energy	Data	Registers
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Register	Access	Description	Remark
No.			
41201	RO	Num. of the record	Must read this register alone
41202-41215	RO	Record of last 1st day	Must read this 14 registers
			together
41216-41229	RO	Record of last 2nd day	Must read this 14 registers
			together
41230-41621	RO		
41622-41635	RO	Record of last 31 <sup>st</sup> day	Must read this 14 registers
			together

#### Content of the daily energy data:

Register No.	Access	Description	Data type	Remark
1	RO	Time	LUINT32	Unix time, year,
2				month
3	RO	Total Imp. kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
4				
5	RO	Total Exp.		× 0.1, unit: kWh

6		kWh	
7	RO	Total kWh	× 0.1, unit: kWh
8			
9	RO	Total Imp.	× 0.1, unit: kvarh
10		kvarh	
11	RO	Total Exp.	× 0.1, unit: kvarh
12		kvarh	
13	RO	Total kvarh	× 0.1, unit: kvarh
14			

# 9.5.3.2 Monthly Energy Data Registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Remark
42001	RO	Num. of the record	Must read this one register alone
42002-42015	RO	Record of last 1st month	Must read this 14 registers together
42016-42029	RO	Record of last 2nd month	Must read this 14 registers together
42030-42155	RO		
42156-42169	RO	Record of last 12th month	Must read this 14 registers together

### Content of the monthly energy data:

Register No.	Access	Description	Data Type	Remark
1	RO	Time	LUINT32	Unix time, year,
2				month
3	RO	lmp. kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
4				
5	RO	Exp. kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
6				
7	RO	Total kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
8				
9	RO	Imp. kvarh		× 0.1, unit: kvarh
10				
11	RO	Exp. kvarh		× 0.1, unit: kvarh
12				
13	RO	Total kvarh		× 0.1, unit: kvarh
14				

# 9.5.3.3 Yearly Energy Data Registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Remark
43001	RO	Num. of the record	Must read this one register alone
43002-43015	RO	Record of last 1st year	Must read this 14 registers together
43016-43029	RO	Record of last 2nd year	Must read this 14 registers together
43030-43127	RO		
43128-43141	RO	Record of last 10th year	Must read this 14 registers together

Content of the yearly energy data:

Register No.	Access	Description	Data Type	Remark
1	RO	Time	LUINT32	Unix time, year,
2				month
3	RO	lmp. kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
4				
5	RO	Exp. kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
6				
7	RO	RO Total kWh		× 0.1, unit: kWh
8				
9	RO	lmp. kvarh		× 0.1, unit: kvarh
10				

11	RO	Exp. kvarh	× 0.1, unit: kvarh
12			
13	RO	Total kvarh	× 0.1, unit: kvarh
14			

# 9.5.3.4 Day Freeze Energy Data Registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Remark
43501	RO	Present day Freezed kWh value	
43502	RO	Time	Unix Time
43503			
43504	RO	Present day 0:00 Total Active	
43505		Energy	
43506	RO	Present day 0:15 Total Active	
43507		Energy	
43508	RO	Present day 0:30 Total Active	
43509		Energy	
43510	RO	Present day 0:45 Total Active	
43511		Energy	
43512	RO	Present day 1:00 Total Active	
43513		Energy	

43514 43515	RO	Present day 1:15 Total Active Energy	
43516	RO	Present day 1:30 Total Active	
43517		Energy	
43518	RO	Present day 1:45 Total Active	
43519		Energy	
43520	RO	Present day 2:00 Total Active	
43521		Energy	
43522	RO	Present day 2:15 Total Active	
43523		Energy	
43524	RO	Present day 2:30 Total Active	
43525		Energy	
43526	RO	Present day 2:45 Total Active	
43527		Energy	
43528	RO	Present day 3:00 Total Active	
43529		Energy	
43530	RO	Present day 3:15 Total Active	
43531		Energy	
43532	RO	Present day 3:30 Total Active	
43533		Energy	

43534 43535	RO	Present day 3:45 Total Active Energy	
43536	RO	Present day 4:00 Total Active	
43537		Energy	
43538	RO	Present day 4:15 Total Active	
43539		Energy	
43540	RO	Present day 4:30 Total Active	
43541		Energy	
43542	RO	Present day 4:45 Total Active	
43543		Energy	
43544	RO	Present day 5:00 Total Active	
43545		Energy	
43546	RO	Present day 5:15 Total Active	
43547		Energy	
43548	RO	Present day 5:30 Total Active	
43549		Energy	
43550	RO	Present day 5:45 Total Active	
43551		Energy	
43552	RO	Present day 6:00 Total Active	
43553		Energy	

43554 43555	RO	Present day 6:15 Total Active Energy	
43556	RO	Present day 6:30 Total Active	
43557		Energy	
43558	RO	Present day 6:45 Total Active	
43559		Energy	
43560	RO	Present day 7:00 Total Active	
43561		Energy	
43562	RO	Present day 7:15 Total Active	
43563		Energy	
43564	RO	Present day 7:30 Total Active	
43565		Energy	
43566	RO	Present day 7:45 Total Active	
43567		Energy	
43568	RO	Present day 8:00 Total Active	
43569		Energy	
43570	RO	Present day 8:15 Total Active	
43571		Energy	
43572	RO	Present day 8:30 Total Active	
43573		Energy	

43574 43575	RO	Present day 8:45 Total Active Energy	
43576	RO	Present day 9:00 Total Active	
43577		Energy	
43578	RO	Present day 9:15 Total Active	
43579		Energy	
43580	RO	Present day 9:30 Total Active	
43581		Energy	
43582	RO	Present day 9:45 Total Active	
43583		Energy	
43584	RO	Present day 10:00 Total Active	
43585		Energy	
43586	RO	Present day 10:15 Total Active	
43587		Energy	
43588	RO	Present day 10:30 Total Active	
43589		Energy	
43590	RO	Present day 10:45 Total Active	
43591		Energy	
43592	RO	Present day 11:00 Total Active	
43593		Energy	

43594 43595	RO	Present day 11:15 Total Active Energy	
43596	RO	Present day 11:30 Total Active	
43597		Energy	
43598	RO	Present day 11:45 Total Active	
43599		Energy	
43600	RO	Present day 12:00 Total Active	
43601		Energy	
43602	RO	Present day 12:15 Total Active	
43603		Energy	
43604	RO	Present day 12:30 Total Active	
43605		Energy	
43606	RO	Present day 12:45 Total Active	
43607		Energy	
43608	RO	Present day 13:00 Total Active	
43609		Energy	
43610	RO	Present day 13:15 Total Active	
43611		Energy	
43612	RO	Present day 13:30 Total Active	
43613		Energy	

43614 43615	RO	Present day 13:45 Total Active Energy	
43616	RO	Present day 14:00 Total Active	
43617		Energy	
43618	RO	Present day 14:15 Total Active	
43619		Energy	
43620	RO	Present day 14:30 Total Active	
43621		Energy	
43622	RO	Present day 14:45 Total Active	
43623		Energy	
43624	RO	Present day 15:00 Total Active	
43625		Energy	
43626	RO	Present day 15:15 Total Active	
43627		Energy	
43628	RO	Present day 15:30 Total Active	
43629		Energy	
43630	RO	Present day 15:45 Total Active	
43631		Energy	
43632	RO	Present day 16:00 Total Active	
43633		Energy	

43634 43635	RO	Present day 16:15 Total Active Energy	
43636	RO	Present day 16:30 Total Active	
43637		Energy	
43638	RO	Present day 16:45 Total Active	
43639		Energy	
43640	RO	Present day 17:00 Total Active	
43641		Energy	
43642	RO	Present day 17:15 Total Active	
43643		Energy	
43644	RO	Present day 17:30 Total Active	
43645		Energy	
43646	RO	Present day 17:45 Total Active	
43647		Energy	
43648	RO	Present day 18:00 Total Active	
43649		Energy	
43650	RO	Present day 18:15 Total Active	
43651		Energy	
43652	RO	Present day 18:30 Total Active	
43653		Energy	

43654	RO	Present day 18:45 Total Active Energy	
43656	RO	Present day 19:00 Total Active	
43657		Energy	
43658	RO	Present day 19:15 Total Active	
43659		Energy	
43660	RO	Present day 19:30 Total Active	
43661		Energy	
43662	RO	Present day 19:45 Total Active	
43663		Energy	
43664	RO	Present day 20:00 Total Active	
43665		Energy	
43666	RO	Present day 20:15 Total Active	
43667		Energy	
43668	RO	Present day 20:30 Total Active	
43669		Energy	
43670	RO	Present day 20:45 Total Active	
43671		Energy	
43672	RO	Present day 21:00 Total Active	
43673		Energy	

43674 43675	RO	Present day 21:15 Total Active Energy	
43676	RO	Present day 21:30 Total Active	
43677		Energy	
43678	RO	Present day 21:45 Total Active	
43679		Energy	
43680	RO	Present day 22:00 Total Active	
43681		Energy	
43682	RO	Present day 22:15 Total Active	
43683		Energy	
43684	RO	Present day 22:30 Total Active	
43685		Energy	
43686	RO	Present day 22:45 Total Active	
43687		Energy	
43688	RO	Present day 23:00 Total Active	
43689		Energy	
43690	RO	Present day 23:15 Total Active	
43691		Energy	
43692	RO	Present day 23:30 Total Active	
43693		Energy	

43694	RO	Present day 23:45 Total Active	
43695		Energy	

note:

1. Present day freeze kWh data will refresh and update day by day, the data will be

freeze each 15 mins, register 43502 & 43503 is present data start time.

2. The amount of present day freeze kWh be used to indicate the freezed kWh times.

Each time freeze will add + 1

3. Freeze total active energy is aggregate value

#### 9.5.3.5 Yesterday Freeze Energy Data Registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Remark
43901	RO	Time	Unix Time
43902			
43903	RO	Yesterday 22:00	
43904		Total Active Energy	
43905	RO	Yesterday 22:15 Total Active Energy	
43906			
43907	RO	Yesterday 22:30 Total Active Energy	
43908			

43909	RO	Yesterday 22:45 Total Active Energy	
43910			
43911	RO	Yesterday 23:00	
43912		Total Active Energy	
43913	RO	Yesterday 23:15 Total Active Energy	
43914			
43915	RO	Yesterday 23:30 Total Active Energy	
43916			
43917	RO	Yesterday 23:45 Total Active Energy	
43918			

note:

1. Yesterday freeze kWh data is yesterday last two hours data saving [register 43901

& 43902]

2. Freeze total active energy is aggregate value

# 9.5.4 System parameter registers

Register	Access	Description	Data Type	Remark
No.				
44001	RO	Wiring mode	UINT16	01
				0: 3-phase 4-wire
				1: 3-phase 3-wire
44002	RW	CT ratio		1~999
44003	RW	Address		1247
44004	RW	Baud rate		03
				0: 2400
				1: 4800
				2: 9600
				3:1200
44005	RW	Pulse constant		63A:400-800(imp/kW
				h)(imp/kvarh)
				5A:6400-10000(imp/k
				Wh)(imp/kvarh)
				default:
				63A:400(imp/kWh)(i
				mp/kvarh
				5A:6400(imp/kWh)(i

				mp/kvarh
44006	RW	Pulse width		20—80(ms)
44007	RW	Object of pulse output-1		01 0: total kWh 1: total kvarh
44008	RW	Object of pulse output-2	UINT16	01 0: total kWh 1: total kvarh
44009	RW	Reserve		
44010	RW	Reserve		
44011	RW	Reserve		
44012	RW	Reserve		
44013	RW	Reserve		
44014	RW	Multi-tariff mode		03, default 1 0: Time zone mode (Max. 2 time zone per year ) 1: Holiday mode1 (MonFri. Working day, Sat Sun. holiday)

				2: Holiday Mode2 (Sun Thu. Working day. Fri Sat. holiday) 3: Holiday Mode3 (Mon Sat. Working day. Sun. holiday)
44015	RW	Start time of Time zone-1: month	UINT16	112 (only avaliable when in multi tariff mode)
44016	RW	Start time of Time zone-1: day		131 (only avaliable when in multi tariff mode)
44017	RW	Start time of Time zone-2: month		112 (only avaliable when in multi tariff mode)
44018	RW	Start time of Time zone-2: day		131 (only avaliable when in multi tariff mode)
44019	RW	Num. of period for tariff list -1		18
44020	RW	The rate at 1st period,		03

		tariff list-1		
44021	RW	Start time (hour), 1st period, tariff list-1		023
44022	RW	Start time (minute), 1st period, tariff list-1	UINT16	0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44023	RW	The rate at 2nd period, tariff list-1		03
44024	RW	Start time (hour), 2nd period, tariff list-1		023
44025	RW	Start time (minute), 2nd period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44026	RW	The rate at 3rd period, tariff list-1		03
44027	RW	Start time (hour), 3rd period, tariff list-1		023
44028	RW	Start time (minute), 3rd period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min.

				2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44029	RW	The rate at 4th period, tariff list-1	UINT16	03
44030	RW	Start time (hour), 4th period, tariff list-1		023
44031	RW	Start time (minute), 4th period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44032	RW	The rate at 5th period, tariff list-1		03
44033	RW	Start time (hour), 5th period, tariff list-1		023
44034	RW	Start time (minute), 5th period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44035	RW	The rate at 6th period, tariff list-1	UINT16	03
44036	RW	Start time (hour), 6th		023

		period, tariff list-1		
44037	RW	Start time (minute), 6th period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44038	RW	The rate at 7th period, tariff list-1		03
44039	RW	Start time (hour), 7th period, tariff list-1		023
44040	RW	Start time (minute), 7th period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44041	RW	The rate at 8th period, tariff list-1	UINT16	03
44042	RW	Start time (hour), 8th period, tariff list-1		023
44043	RW	Start time (minute), 8th period, tariff list-1		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44044	RW	Num. of period for tariff list -2		18
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44045	RW	The rate at 1st period, tariff list-2		03
44046	RW	Start time (hour), 1st period, tariff list-2		023
44047	RW	Start time (minute), 1st period, tariff list-2	UINT16	0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44048	RW	The rate at 2nd period, tariff list-2		03
44049	RW	Start time (hour), 2nd period, tariff list-2		023
44050	RW	Start time (minute), 2nd period, tariff list-2		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44051	RW	The rate at 3rd period, tariff list-2		03
44052	RW	Start time (hour), 3rd		023

		period, tariff list-2		
44053	RW	Start time (minute), 3rd period, tariff list-2	UINT16	0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44054	RW	The rate at 4th period, tariff list-2		03
44055	RW	Start time (hour), 4th period, tariff list-2		023
44056	RW	Start time (minute), 4th period, tariff list-2		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44057	RW	The rate at 5th period, tariff list-2		03
44058	RW	Start time (hour), 5th period, tariff list-2		023
44059	RW	Start time (minute), 5th period, tariff list-2		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.

44060	RW	The rate at 6th period, tariff list-2	UINT16	03
44061	RW	Start time (hour), 6th period, tariff list-2		023
44062	RW	Start time (minute), 6th period, tariff list-2		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44063	RW	The rate at 7th period, tariff list-2		03
44064	RW	Start time (hour), 7th period, tariff list-2		023
44065	RW	Start time (minute), 7th period, tariff list-2		0 means 0 min. 1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min.
44066	RW	The rate at 8th period, tariff list-2	UINT16	03
44067	RW	Start time (hour), 8th period, tariff list-2		023
44068	RW	Start time (minute), 8th		0 means 0 min.

		period, tariff list-2	1 means 15 min. 2 means 30 min. 3 means 45 min	
44060		Why refresh to ZEBO		0 1
44069	RVV	by Panel Operation		0: No
		by Failer operation		1: YES
44070	RW	Energy decimal point		Default is 1,settable
		display setting		range 1-3

Note: (1) When multi tariff mode be set as time zone mode, 1<sup>st</sup> time mode default tariff #1, 2<sup>nd</sup> time mode default tariff #2

(2) If the starting time of  $1^{st}$  time zone is not January  $1^{st}$  , then default  $2^{nd}$  time zone goes to new year

(3) When multi-tariff mode be set as holiday mode, working day default 1<sup>st</sup> day's tariff, holiday day default tariff #2

(4) If starting time of tariff #1 is not 0, then default the last tariff will pass 0' o clock.

## 9.5.5 Device information registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Data Type	Remark
49001	RW	Model No.	LUINT32	
49002				
49003	RW	S/N		
49004				
49005	RW	Hardware version No.	UINT16	
49006	RO	Software version No. for domestic market		
49007	RO	Reserve		Reserve
49008				
49009				
49010				
49011	RW	Timing	LUINT32	1 The Num. of
49012				second from Jan. 1, 1970, Greenwich mean time, support radio command
49013	RO	Error code	UINT16	

49014	RW	Second	0-59
49015	RW	Minute	0-59
49016	RW	Hour	0-23
49017	RW	Day	1-31
49018	RW	Month	1-12
49019	RW	Year	0-99

#### Note:

1. The UNIX system time register 49011~49012 must write simultaneously.

2. The Clock register 49014~49019 must read/ write simultaneously. Time of origin: Jan 1, 2000.

### 9.5.6 Command data registers

Register No.	Access	Description	Remark
46001	WO	Clean Energy	Write 888
46002	WO	Clean historical energy	Write 888
46003	WO	Reserve	Reserve
46004	WO	Reserve	Reserve
46005	WO	Reserve	Reserve
46006	WO	Recover user default parameter	Write 888

## Notice:

• PILOT reserves the right to modify this manual without prior notice in view of

continued improvement.

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