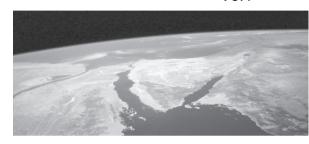
PMAC770 Multifunction Power Meter Installation & Operation Manual V3.1





ZHUHAI PILOT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.



Danger and warning!

This device can be installed only by professionals.

The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any accident caused by the failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.



Risks of electric shocks, burning, or explosion

- This device can be installed and maintained only by qualified people.
- Before operating the device, isolate the voltage input and power supply and short-circuit the secondary windings of all current transformers.
- Use appropriatevoltage tester to make sure the voltage has been cut-off.
- Put all mechanical parts, doors, or covers in their original positions before energizing the device.
- Always supply the device with the correct working voltage during its operation.

Failure to take these preventive measures could cause damage to equipment or injuries to people.



Operating environment

- Operating temperature: -10[°]C~+55[°]C
- Storage temperature: -40 ℃ ~+70 ℃
- Relative humidity: 5%~95%,non-condensing
- Height: ≤2000m
- Operating power supply: (Have 2 options, please check the label on the meter)
 - (1) 85Vac ~265Vac, 85Vdc ~265Vdc, 45-65Hz,10VA

- (2) 100~420Vac, 100~400Vdc, 45~60Hz,10VA
- MAINS supply voltage fluctuations up to ±10 % of the nominal voltage
- Pollution degree: 2
- The product is for indoor use only.

Meaning of the symbols



Attention! This symbol warns you of dangers that could occur during assembly, commissioning and operation.



Dangerous voltage! Risk of death or serious injury. Disconnect the power before working on the system and device.



This Listing Mark is used for products going into the Canadian and US marketplace. It shows that compliance with both Canadian and US requirements for listed products has been met.



A double insulatedelectrical appliance means product no only use basic insulation to prevent electric shock, but also including safety measure, such as double insulation or reinforced insulation, but earth protection or protection based on installation conditions is not included.

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General Information

1. General Information

PMAC770 Three Phase Multifunction Power Meter is designed for monitoring and displaying all kinds of electricity parameters. It's widely used in low voltage and medium voltage distribution/ automation system.

PMAC770 provide the main function as below:

- Real-time measuring data, true RMS
- All energy data (include real energy, multi-tariff energy, history energy, 1st ~13th harmonic energy.
- Power quality analysis
- Demand calculation
- Build-in clock and event log
- Over/ under limit alarm
- Phase sequence checking
- Modbus-RTU / BACnet MS/TP / MODBUS TCP/IP communication (Optional)
- Digital input/ Digital output (DI/ DO)
- Analog input/ Analog output (Al/ AO, optional)
- 2 pulse output (optional) etc.

General Information

Measuring Function of PMAC770 Basic Unit	High class
Voltage, Current, Power (P, Q, S), Power factor,	
Energy (kwh, kvarh in 4 quadrant), CO2 (for active energy)	
Frequency, Phase Angle, Demand,	ما
Max./ min. value (U, I, P, Q),	V
Multi-tariff energy,Load rate	
One RS485 (Modbus-RTU), Real-time clock,	
3 status input + 2 relay output	
Over / under limit alarm	$\sqrt{}$
SOE event log	
Voltage/Current unbalance rate,	
THD, 31 st harmonic, Harmonic RMS(0~31 st), Harmonic	
energy (1~13 th),	
Voltage crest factor, Current K factor,	
Voltage deviation, Frequency deviation	
Record for voltage/ frequency deviation,	$\sqrt{}$
Record history multi-tariff energy	
Voltage unbalance rate record	
Record Demand Maximum value	
Record real time parameters maximum value	
Running time record	

Order Information

2. Order Information

2. Order information		
Model No. PMAC770-E - ① - ② - ③ - ④		
Function	n of bas	ic unit
E	High c	lass
① Optio	nal Mod	dule
(Multiple	choice	e, one meter can add no more than 3 modules. One meter
can add	2pcs of	f Module SW or SD, but only 1pcs of other modules.)
SW	1	DI module: 4 Digital Input (wet contact),
SD)	DI module: 4 Digital Input (dry contact),
R		DO module: 2 Relay output
С		RS485 module: the 2 nd RS485 port (Modbus-RTU protocol)
AC)	AO module: 2 Analog output (4-20mA)
Al		Al module: 2 Analog input (4-20mA)
EP		Pulse module: 2 pulse output
ВА	\	BACnet module: BACnet protocol
64M+TC	P/IP	64Mbit Memory (8M byte) + Ethernet Port
② Rate	d input	voltage(Vph-N/ Vph-ph) and current
V1	57.7/1	00V (via PT), 5A
V2	57.7/100V (via PT), 1A	
V3	220/380V (direct), 5A	
V4	220/380V (direct),1 A	
V5	120/208V (direct), 5A	
V6	240/415V (direct), 5A	

V7	277/480V (direct), 5A	
V8	63.5/110V (via PT), 5A	
V9	120/208V (direct),1 A	
V10	240/415V (direct),1 A	
V11	277/480V (direct),1 A	
V12	63.5/110V (via PT),1 A	
V13	398/690V(direct), 5A	
③ Rated input frequency (Not choose will be deem as 50Hz)		
F1	50Hz	
F2	60Hz	
Aux. power supply (Not choose will be deem as P1)		
P1	85~265Vac, 85 ~ 265Vdc, 45-65Hz	
P2	100 ~ 420Vac , 100 ~ 400Vdc, 45~60Hz	

For example:

Order No.: PMAC770-E-Al-V3-F1-P1 indicates the meter is the basic type +2 Analog input, rated input 220/ 380V, 5A, rated input frequency 50Hz, and the Aux. power supply: $85\sim265$ Vac, $85\sim265$ Vdc.

3. Packing list



Packing box included:

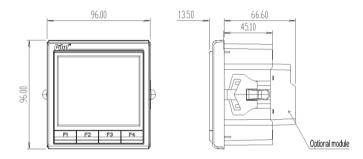
- 1. PMAC770 Basic Unit (and optional modules)
- 2. User Manual

4.1 Dimension

Unit: mm

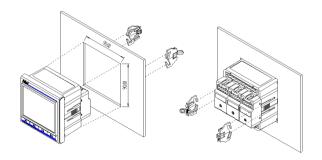
Cut size: 90*90mm; panel size: 96x96mm

Depth: 45.1mm (no module); 66.6mm (add module)



4.2Installation

Unit: mm



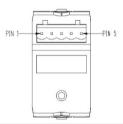
4.3 Terminals

4.3.1 Terminal of Basic Unit

No.	Mark	Definition
1	N/-	Negative wire, Aux. power supply AC/ DC 220V
2	L/+	Positive wire, Aux. power supply AC/ DC 220V
3	V1	Phase A voltage
4	V2	Phase B voltage
5	V3	Phase C voltage
6	VN	Voltage neutral line
7	SHLD	RS485 shield
8	485-	RS485 com port -1, negative wire
9	485+	RS485 com port -1, positive wire
10	RL21	Relay output 2, positive
11	RL22	Relay output 2, negative
12	RL11	Relay output 1, positive
13	RL12	Relay output 1, negative
14	SG	Digital input, common earth
15	S3	Digital input 3, positive
16	S2	Digital input 2, positive
17	S1	Digital input 1, positive
18	l1+	In line, phase A current
19	I1-	Out line, phase A current

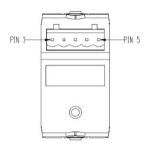
20	12+	In line, phase B current
21	12-	Out line, phase B current
22	13+	In line, phase C current
23	13-	Out line, phase C current

4.3.2 Terminals of DI module (PMAC770-SW):



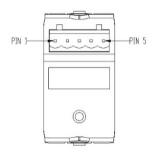
Digital Input Module			
(one meter maximum can add 2 DI module)			
No.	Mark	Definition	
PIN1	EX S4(S8)	Digital input 4 (or 8), positive	
PIN2	EX S5(S9)	Digital input 5 (or 9), positive	
PIN3	EX S6(S10)	Digital input 6 (or 10), positive	
PIN4	EX S7(S11)	Digital input 7 (or 11), positive	
PIN5	EX SG1 (SG2)	Common earth	

Terminals of DI module (PMAC770-SD):



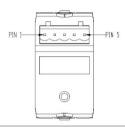
Digital Input Module			
(one meter maximum can add 2 DI module)			
No.	Mark	Definition	
PIN1	EX S12(S16)	Digital input 12 (or 16) , positive	
PIN2	EX S13(S17)	Digital input 13 (or 17) , positive	
PIN3	EX S14(S18)	Digital input 14 (or 18) , positive	
PIN4	EX S15(S19)	Digital input 15 (or 19) , positive	
PIN5	EX SG3 (SG4)	Common earth	

4.3.3 Terminals of DO module (PMAC770-R):



Relay Output Module (One meter can add one DO module only)		
No.	Mark	Definition
PIN1	EX RL22	Extend relay-2 output 2
PIN2	EX RL21	Extend relay-2 output 1
PIN3	NC	Null
PIN4	EX RL12	Extend relay-1 output 2
PIN5	EX RL11	Extend relay-1 output 1

4.3.4 Terminals of AO module (PMAC770-AO):

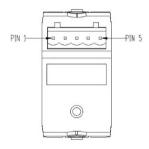


Analog Output Module (One meter can add one AO module only) Mark Definition No. Positive wire, analog output 2 PIN1 EX AO2 PIN2 **EX AG** Negative wire, analog output 2 PIN3 NC Null PIN4 EX AO1 Positive wire, analog output 1 Negative wire, analog output 1 PIN5 **EXAG**

Note: The AO module must be inserted to the 3rd interface from left to right, back view.

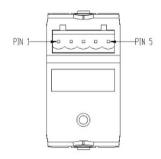


4.3.5 Terminals of Al module (PMAC770-AI):



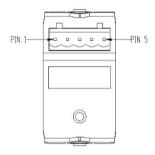
Analog Input Module				
(One meter can add one Al module only)				
No.	Mark	Definition		
PIN1	EX AI1	Positive wire, analog input 1		
PIN2	EX AG	Negative wire, analog input 1		
PIN3	NC	Null		
PIN4	EX AI2	Positive wire, analog input 2		
PIN5	EX AG	Negative wire, analog input 2		

4.3.6 Terminals of RS485 Module (PMAC770-C):



Extend RS485 Communication Module				
(One meter can add one C module only)				
No.	Mark	Definition		
PIN1	NC	Null		
PIN2	NC	Null		
PIN3	NC	Null		
PIN4	EX 485-	Extend RS485 output, negative		
PIN5	EX 485+	Extend RS485 output, positive		

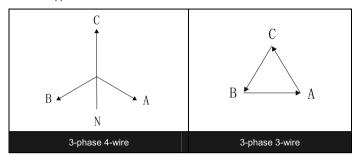
4.3.7 Terminals of Pulse Output Module (PMAC770-EP):



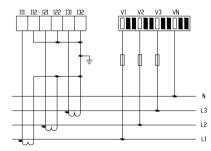
Pulse Output Module (One meter can add one EP module only)				
No.	Mark	Definition		
PIN1	EX P1+	Pulse output for kWh, positive		
PIN2	EX P1-	Pulse output for kWh, negative		
PIN3	NC	Null		
PIN4	EX P2+	Pulse output for kvarh, positive		
PIN5	EX P2-	Pulse output for kvarh, negative		

5. Connection Mode and Wiring

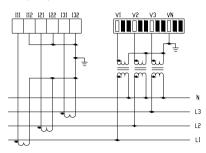
PMAC770 supports 2 kinds of connection mode: 3P4W and 3P3W..



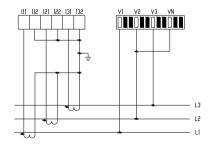
(1) 3-phase 4-wire, no PT, 3CT:



(2) 3-phase 4-wire, 3PT, 3CT:

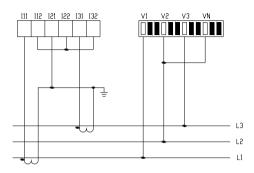


(3) 3-phase 3-wire, no PT, 3CT:

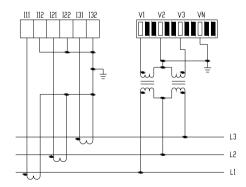


Connection Mode and Wiring

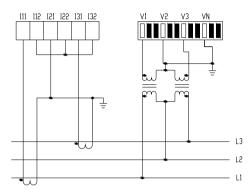
(4) 3-phase 3-wire, no PT, 2CT:



(5) 3-phase 3-wire, 2PT, 3CT:

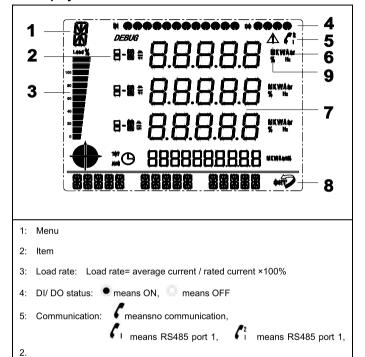


(6) 3-phase 3-wire, 2PT, 2CT:



6. Display and Key-press Operation

6.1 Display Instruction



- ____
- 7: Data display area

Unit

- 8: Key prompt area
- 9: Alarm: when display ., it mean there is error.

6.2 Keys

6.2.1. General Information

PMAC770 has a back-light LCD, user-friendly display.

Users can query/ set different information by 4 keys according to the menu prompt.

If press the keys, the back-light will be on lasting for 60s. If no continue pressing key, the back-light will be off.

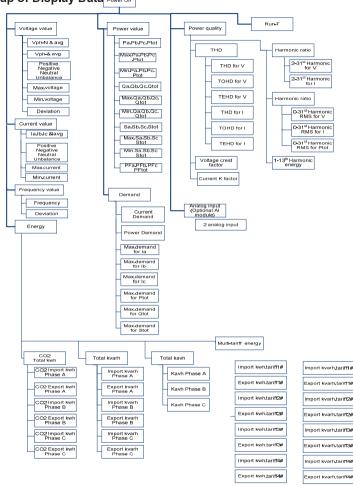


Keys: F1, F2, F3, F4

6.2.2. Menu Prompt and Keys Instruction

Keys or Prompt	Instruction
>	To next item, it is for menu rolling search
Ð	Return to previous menu or cancel
SET	Setting
Menu prompt	Enter into the menu of corresponding parameter.

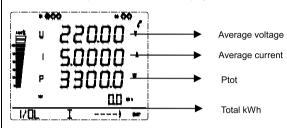
6.3 Map of Display Data Power on



7. Query Procedure

7.1 Initial Display

When PMAC770 is powered on, the initial display as below:



Menu Prompt:

VOL: voltage menu

I: Current menu

FRE: Frequency menu

POWER: Power menu

ENERGY: Energy menu

PQ: Power quality menu

DMD: Demand menu

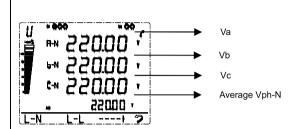
RUN-T:Running time menu

A-I: Analog input menu

SET: Setting

Query Procedure

7.2 Voltage Value



Menu Prompt:

L-N: Vph-N & average menu

L-L: Vph-ph & average menu

UNBAL: Positive (U-2). Negative (U-1).

Neutral(U-0). Unbalance rate

MAX.: Max. Vph-N or Max. Vph-ph

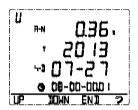
MIN: Min. Vph-N or Min. Vph-ph & time stamp

REC: Voltage deviation record

Max. Voltage



Record of Voltage Deviation



Menu Prompt:

UP: Page up to next record

DOWN: Page down to previous record

START: Event occurs time

END: Event end time

Special notice: the digit on the right of the number

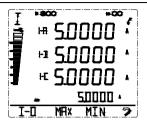
08-00-00.01

It means: Hour, Minute, Second,

After decimal point, it means the records number

Query Procedure

7.3 Current Value



Menu Prompt:

UNBAL: Positive (I-2), Negative (I-1), Neutral (I-0)

Max.: Max. current & time stamp

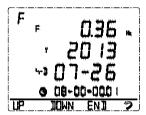
Min.: Min. current & time stamp

7.4 Frequency



Menu Prompt:

REC: Frequency deviation record [Display menu similar to Voltage Deviation Record]



Menu Prompt:

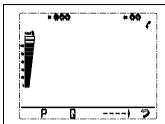
UP: Page up to previous record

DOWN: Page down to next record

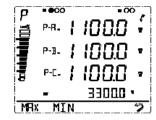
START: Event occurs time

END: Event end time

7.5 Power Value



picture 1



picture 2



picture 3

Menu Prompt:

Power display menu (Picture 1)

P: Active power, per phase & total (Picture 2)

P: Max Active power, per phase&total (Picture 3)

P: Min Active power, per phase&total

Q: Reactive power, per phase & total (Picture 4)

Q : Max Reactive power, per phase&total

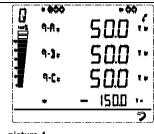
Q : Min Reactive power, per

S: Apparent power, per phase & total

S:Max Apparent power, per phase&total

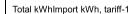
S:Min Apparent power, per phase&total

PF: Power factor, per phase & total



picture 4

7.6Energy





Picture 2

Menu Prompt:

KWH: CO2 Total kWh, Phase A/ B/ C kWh (Imp. & Exp) -Picture 1

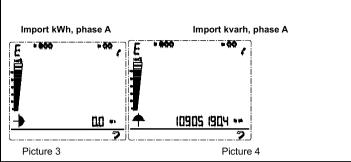
KVARH: Total kvarh, Phase A/ B/ C kvarh (Imp. & Exp.)-Picture 4

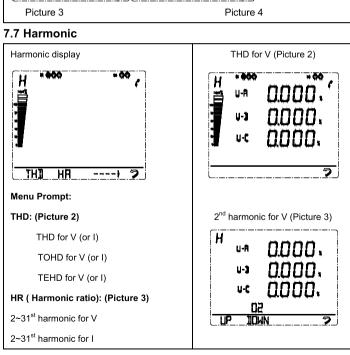
KVAH: Apparent energy (Total, A, B, C Phase)

TOU: Import kWh (or kvarh) of each tariff (tariff 1#, tariff 2#, tariff 3#, tariff 4#),

Export kWh (or kvarh) of each tariff (tariff 1#, tariff 2#, tariff 3#, tariff 4#).

(Picture 2)





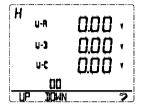
RMS (Harmonic RMS): (Picture 4)

- 0~31st harmonic RMS for V
- 0~31st harmonic RMS for I
- 0~31st harmonic RMS for Ptot
- CF: Voltage crest factor (Picture 5)
- K-FAC: Current K factor(Picture 6)
- ENRGY: kWh of1~13th harmonic

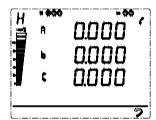
(Picture 7)

RMS, DC component for V

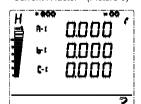
(Picture 4)



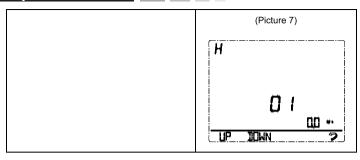
Voltage crest factor (Picture 5)



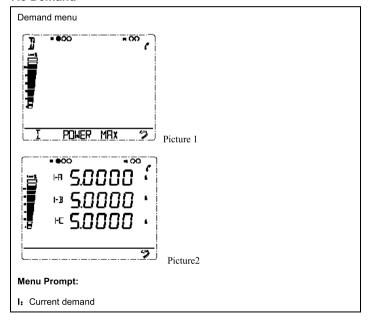
Current K factor (Picture 6)



Total kWh of fundamental



7.8 Demand



POWER: Power demand

IA: Max. demand for la & time stamp(Picture 2)

IB: Max. demand for lb & time stamp

IC: Max. demand for lc & time stamp

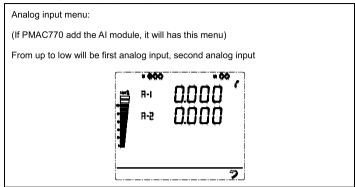
P: Max. demand for Ptot & time stamp

Q: Max. demand for Qtot & time stamp

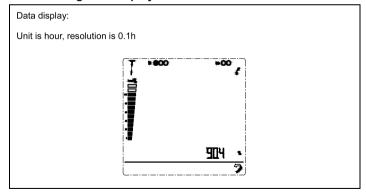
S: Max. demand for Stot & time stamp



7.9 Analog Input (Optional)



7.10 Running time display



8. Setting

8.1 Instruction

In initial display, we can see the "SET" prompt, press F4 to SETUP menu.

Meter display: (Picture 1)

METER: Basic setting

COM: Communication setting

CLEAR: Clear data

RELAY: Relay setting

AO: Analog output setting

LIMIT: Under/Over limit setting

ERROR: Error record



Enter into parameter setting interface

If the parameter can be set, then it will appear

"CODE" (Input Password)—Picture 2

If appear "EDIT" (Password right)-Picture 3

Password Edit

Just enter into correct password can set the

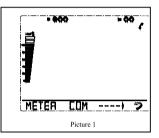
Parameters, press "CODE" button,

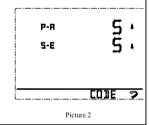
"****"change to "0000"

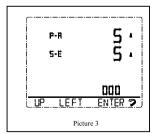
UP: add +1

LEFT: move left 1 digit

ENTER: confirm







Setting

RETURN: give up

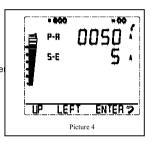
EX-Work password is 0001

Super password is 2011

Parameter setting

parameter

After password confirmation, press "EDIT" key
Current setting subject flash, change the paramete
Information by UP, LEFT, ENTER, RETURN key
If the entered parameter is not correct, after press
"ENTER", it will return back to the original



Notice: "Analog output setting" just effect after plug analog output module

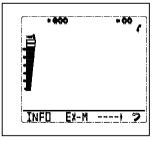
8.2 Setting Site-map

INFO: Basic information

EX-M: Extend module information

PT: PT primary and secondary setting

CT: CT primary setting



MODE: Connection model

DATE: System date

TIME: System time

DMD: Demand setting

PULSE: Pulse output setting

DEFAU: Restore factory setting

CODE: Password setting

CALIB: Auto calibration

CHECK: Self Check

DEMO: DEBUG mode

RUN-T: Running time setting

Parameter Setting Illustration:

Enter into INFO (meter information) interface, display software version (V-S), hardware version (V-H), serial number (SN), this interface for checking, can not modify

Enter into EX-M (extend module information) interface, from up to down to display extend module type: null (no extend module), rS485 (communication module), PULSE (pulse output module), DI (digital input module), DO (digital output module), AI (analog input module), AO (analog output), this interface for checking, can not modify

Enter into PT (PT primary and PT secondary) interface, the first line display PT

Setting

primary value, unit kV, the second line display PT secondary side value, unit V. PT primary setting range is 0.001kV—65KV, PT secondary setting range is 1V—398V

Enter into CT (CT primary) interface, the first line display CT primary value, unit A, the second line display system rated current value, unit A. CT primary setting range is 1A—9999A, the setting primary value not less than system rated value

Enter into MODE (connection wiring mode) interface, the second line display at present connection wiring mode

	4y	3 P 4 W
Connection	3d	3 P 3 W
Wiring	40	Single
Mode	1P	phase

Enter into DATE (system date) interface, the first line display "Year", the second line display "Month", the third line display "Day". The sequence of setting is Year-Month-Day, just after the first subject setting correct can comes to the next, otherwise will stay in the first subject. Setting range of Year is: 2000-2999, Setting range of Month is: 1-12, Setting range of Day is: 1-31, if there is no 31 days in this month, it will comes to the 1st day of next month

Enter into TIME (system time) interface, the first line display "Hour", the second line display "Minute", the third line display "Second", The sequence of setting is Hour-Minute-Second. Just after the first subject setting correct can comes to the next, otherwise will stay in the first subject. Setting range of Hour is: 0-23, Setting range of

Minute is: 0-59, Setting range of Second is: 0-59.

Enter into DMD (demand setting) interface, if current demand model is Slip, the indicate will be "TYPE"(demand model), "PERIO" (demand cycle), "SLIP" (slip time). If current model is fixed, then there is no "Slip"

Demand	STAC	Fixed model
mode	SLIP	Slip model

Enter into PULSE (pulse setting) interface, can set for PUL-1 & PUL-2. "OBJ" is pulse object (the first channel is active, the second channel is reactive), "SONST" is pulse constant, "WIDTH" is pulse width (unit: ms)

Туре	Default	Range
CONST	1000	1000~9999
WIDTH	80	60~100

Enter into DEFAU (restore factory setting) interface, If set to "YES" will start restore factory setting

Enter into CODE(password setting) interface, can modify the checking password (super password not be changed), password setting range: 1—9999

Enter into CALIB (auto calibration) interface, choose "YES" and comes to "START" interface, press "START" and comes to "RMS RATIO BIG"

First length ratio error calibration: after enter into this interface, adjust input signal to 220V/5A/1.0 (voltage: 220V, current: 5A, power factor: 1.0), press "START" key, will

Setting

start first length ratio error calibration, the 4th line of data display area will show "WAIT". After calibration, if success, it will show "DONE", press "NEXT" button and come to "RMS DEG BIG(first length angular difference calibration)". Otherwise will display "ERROR", press "NEXT" button will recalibrate the first length ratio error calibration First length angular difference calibration: adjust input signal to 220V/5A/0.5L (voltage: 220V, current: 5A, power factor: 0.5L), calibration process the same. After calibration, press "NEXT" will comes to "RMS RTO SMALL (second length ratio error calibration)" interface

Second length ratio error calibration: adjust input signal to 220V/0.25A/1.0 (voltage: 220V, current: 0.25A, power factor: 1.0), calibration process the same as before. After calibration finish, press "NEXT" will turn to "RMS DEG SMALL(second length angular difference calibration)" interface

Second length angular difference calibration: adjust input signal to 220V/0.25A/0.5L(voltage:220V, current:0.25A, power factor:0.5L), calibration process same as before, after calibration, press "NEXT" will turn to "FINISH" and notice for "END"

Notice: If calibration failed, it will keep the original calibration value, the new calibration value just effect after calibration success.

Enter into CHECK (self check) interface, choose "YES", the meter will start self-check. The meter will check LCD, ferroelectric and button key one by one LCD self check: the LCD will all ON for 4s, then all OFF for 2s

Ferroelectric self check: If there is no question on ferroelectric, will display "Hard

PASS", otherwise will display "Hard FAIL"

Button key self check: LCD screen will give notice to press "F1", "F2", "F3", "F4" button, if there is no question, there will be "PASS", if client press a wrong button or there is no press on the button for 15s, it will be regarded as a wrong button key, "FAIL" will display.

Enter into DEMO (DEBUG mode) interface, choose "YES" will start DEBUG mode: VPh-N is 220V, VPh-Ph is 381.05V, Current is 5A, Active Power is 1100W, Total active power is 3300W, Reactive power is -500var, Total reactive power is -1500var, Apparent power is 1100VA, Total apparent power is 3300VA, Power factor -0.5, Total power factor is -0.5

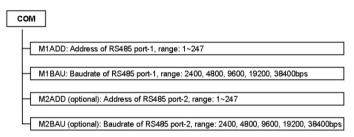
Enter into DEMO (DEBUG mode) interface, if choose "NO", display will comes to normal

Notice: If there is pulse output module, "PULSE" interface exist

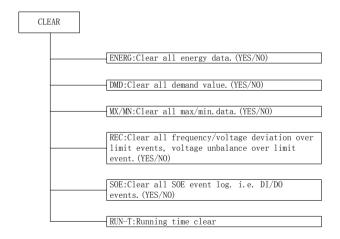
Enter into Running Time setting interface, if current running control object is Voltage, the button key notice will be "OBJ" (running time object), "HI" (up limit) and "LOW" (low limit). If current running control object is Current, there will be no "LOW" (low limit). If current running control object is Power or Null, there will be no "HI" and "LOW" subject

	nuLL	null
	U	Voltage
Object	Α	Current
	P-on	Power

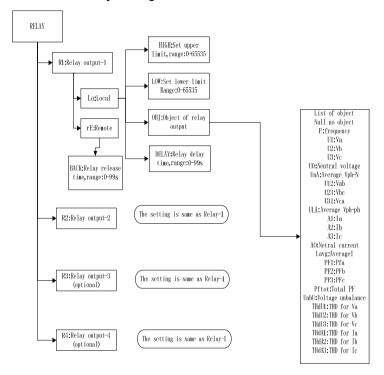
8.3 COM—Communication Setting Menu



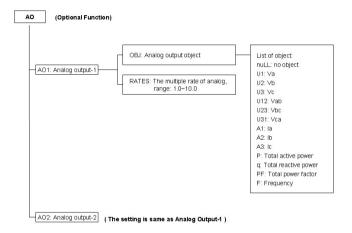
8.4 CLEAR—Clearing Data Menu



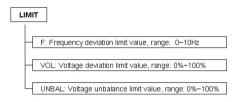
8.5 RELAY—Relay Setting Menu



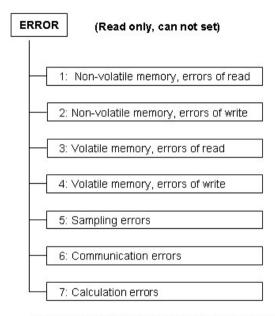
8.6 AO—Analog Output Setting Menu (Optional)



8.7 LIMIT—Deviation Limit Setting Menu



8.8 ERROR



Note: The meter can record 10 errors for each type.

The prompt " ____ " appears on LCD if there is error.

Please contact the After-sales Dept. for solution.

9. Measuring Function Description

Parameter	Accuracy	Resolution	Measuring Range
			Direct: 5%~120% of rating
Voltage	0.2%	0.01V	PT primary: 0~65.00kV
			PT secondary:100Vph-ph or 110V
Current	0.2%	0.0001A	CT primary: 0~9,999A
Current	0.2%	0.000TA	CT secondary: 1 A or 5A
Power	0.5%	0.0001	Per phase: 0~649.9MW/ Mvar/ MVA
Power	0.5%	kW/kvar/ kVA	Total: 0~1949.8MW/ Mvar/ MVA
Power factor	0.5%	0.001	-1.000~+1.000
Frequency	1.0%	0.01Hz	45~ 65 Hz
Active energy	0.5%	0.1kWh	0~ 99,999,999.9 kWh
Reactive energy	2.0%	0.1kvarh	0~ 99,999,999.9 kvarh
THD	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%
Individual	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%
harmonic	1.0%	0.001	U~100.07₀
Un-balance	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%

9.1 Voltage

PMAC770 has several type of voltage input for option, as below:

Description	Rated input	Symbol in model No.	Connection	Mode
High voltage	57.7/ 100V	V1, V2	Vio DTo	3-phase 3-wire
meter	63.5/110V	V8, V12	Via PTs	3-phase 4-wire
	120/208V	V5, V9	Direct input	2 phase 2 wire
	220/380V	V3, V4		
Low voltage meter	240/415V	V6, V10		3-phase 3-wire
meter	277/480V	V7, V11		3-phase 4-wire
	398/ 690V	V13		

While measuring voltage lower than 398Vph-N / 690Vph-ph, PMAC770 do not need to connect external PTs, it can be input directly. While measuring other higher voltage, PMAC770 need external PTs. If PMAC770 is connected via PTs, the PTs direct affect the measurement accuracy of the meter. So, users should consider the linearity and accuracy rate of PTs.

Normally, Overload capacity of voltage measurement is 120% of rated voltage. Users should pay attention on the voltage input when using the device, and avoid getting wrong data caused by over-scope measurement. Max. rated measuring range is 65KV.

Connection mode of voltage input can be set via panel or communication.

Pilot low voltage meter and high voltage meter support both 3-phase 3-wire and 3-phase 4-wire

Tips: It is recommended to clear the energy after change the connection mode

PT primary setting range: 0.001KV to 65KV, and PT secondary value should be in the range of 1V—398V.

9.2 Current

Only when adopt CTs can PMAC770 measures current.

CT secondary rated output must comply with rated current input of PMAC770 (5A or 1A). When connecting external CTs, users must make sure the current is not open circuit. Otherwise, primary excitation will generate high voltage at secondary circuit, causing personal injury or death and equipment damage.

Normally, overload capacity of current measurement is 120% of rated current. Users should pay attention to the current input when using the device, and avoid getting wrong data caused by over-scope measurement.

Rated measuring range of current is 0to 9999A.

CT primary setting range is from 1A to 9999A, and it should not smaller than the rated current value.

Measuring Function Description

9.3 Active power

PMAC770 calculates three phase active power and total active power: Pa, Pb, Pc,

and Ptot

Measuring range: per phase 0~ 649.9MW, total: 0~ 1949.8MW.

9.4 Reactive power

PMAC770 calculates three phase reactive power and total reactive power: Qa, Qb,

Qc, and Qtot

Measuring range: per phase 0~ 649.9MVar, total: 0~ 1949.8MVar

Attention

- 1. Both active power and reactive power value have signs.
- 2. When wiring, users should pay attention to the phase sequence of voltage and current. Otherwise, it may cause wrong measuring data. Besides, it is necessary to connect the CTs terminals correctly; otherwise there will be negative power value.

9.5 Apparent power

PMAC770 calculates three phase apparent power and total apparent power: Sa, Sb,

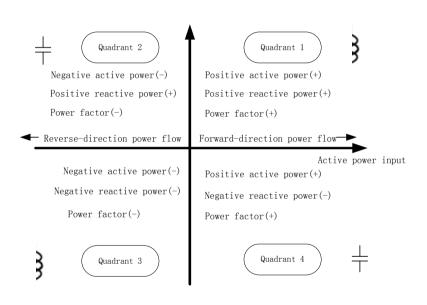
Sc and Stot.

Measuring range: per phase 0~ 649.9MVA, total: 0~ 1949.8MVA

9.6 Power factor

PMAC770 measures per phase power factor and total power factor: PFa, PFb, PFc and PFtot. Measuring range: -1.000 to +1.000.

Like active / reactive power value, the wiring and CTs terminals connecting will affect actual calculated value of power factor.



9.7 Frequency

In different connection modes, PMAC770 samples the system frequency from different channels. In 3-phase 3-wire connection mode, PMAC770 samples the frequency from line AB voltage channel. In other connection modes, it samples frequency from phase A voltage channel. In case phase A voltage is failure, it samples frequency from phase C voltage channel. In case both phase A and C voltage are failure, it samples from phase B voltage channel.

9.8Phase Angle

PMAC770 with phase angle measurement function for fundamental wave, phase angle information can be checked by communication.

9.9 Demand calculation

PMAC770 provides demand analysis for three phase current, total active power, total reactive power and total apparent power.

PMAC770 supports two demand modes: Fixed Block and Rolling Block.

Users can set demand interval as 5min, 10min, 15min, 30min or 60min.

In Fixed Block mode, users do not need to set the subinterval.

In Rolling Block mode, users should set subinterval the subinterval: 1min, 2 min, or 3 min. Show as below sheet:

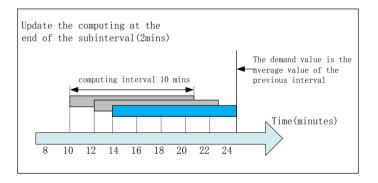
Optional Intervals (mins)	Programmable Subintervals (mins)
5	1
10	1 or 2
15	1 or 3
30	1, 2, or 3
60	1, 2, or 3

Max. Demand: In nonvolatile memory, PMAC770 maintains a running maximum for power and current demand values with date & time stamp, called "Max. Demand".

User can read the demand value from LCD or RS485 communication.

Below figure is a sample of Rolling Block mode:

(Demand intervals is 10 mins, subintervals is 2 mins.)



9.10 Phase sequence detect

PMAC770 can detect the voltage phase sequence. After input 3-phase voltage and 3-phase current signals to the meter, users can press the button to display real-time phase voltage or line voltage and see the present phase sequence.

Note: Only after provide 3 phase voltage and current signal to the meter can it detect the phase sequence.

10. Power Quality Analysis

Item	Parameter	Measuring	Accuracy
	raiailletei	Range	
	THD for voltage	0~100%	Class B
	TOHD for voltage	0~100%	Class B
THD	TEHD for voltage	0~100%	Class B
THU	THD for current	0~100%	Class B
	TOHD for current	0~100%	Class B
	TDHD for current	0~100%	Class B
Harmonic Ratio	HR for voltage	2~31 st	Class B
narmonic Ratio	HR for current	2~31 st	Class B
	Harmonic voltage RMS	0~31 st	Class B
Harmonic RMS	Harmonic current RMS	0~31 st	Class B
Harmonic Rivis	Harmonic power RMS	0~31 st	Class B
	Harmonic energy	1~13 th	Class B
	Voltage crest factor	1	Class B
	Current K factor	1	Class B
Other	Frequency deviation	0~100%	Class B
Other	Voltage deviation	0~100%	Class B
	Voltage Current unbalance	0~100%	Class B

Power Quality Analysis

10.1General Description

Harmonics are any "non-linear" current or voltage in an electrical distribution system. With these harmonics flowing into the power system, it will affect the reliability of the transformers and protection relays, and it will accelerate the ageing of metalized polyester film, increase the power loss of transmission, and disturb communication or measurement accuracy of instruments.

PMAC770 provides up to 31stharmonics analysis which is strong helpful for power quality analysis.

10.2 THD

PMAC770 measures voltage and current harmonic up to 31st, and calculates THD, TOHD (Odd) and TEHD (Even).

Users can read THD data (%) from the LCD or communication. For example, the data is 20.00, the actual THD value is 20.00%

10.3 Harmonic Ratio for Voltage

PMAC770 measures up to 31st voltage harmonic. Users can read 2~31st voltage harmonic (%) from the LCD or communication. For example, the data is 10.00, the actual harmonic value is 10.00%

10.4 Harmonic Ratio for Current

PMAC770 measures up to 31st current harmonic. Users can read 2~31st current harmonic (%) from the LCD or communication. For example, the data is 10.00, the actual harmonic value is 10.00%

10.5Voltage Crest Factor

PMAC770 measures 3 phase voltage crest factor, data resolution: 0.001. If no voltage input, the CF value is 0. Users can read CF value from the LCD or communication.

Crest Factor Formula:

$$CF = 1.414 \times \sum_{h=1}^{N} U_h / U_1$$

In the formula, U_h is the hharmonic RMS, U_1 is fundamental harmonic RMS. N is the highest order harmonic.

10.6 Current K Factor

PMAC770 measures 3 phase current K factor, data resolution: 0.001. If no current input, the K Factor value is 0. Users can read K Factor value from the LCD or communication.

K Factor Formula:

K Factor =
$$\sum_{h=1}^{N} (I_h \times h)^2 / \sum_{h=1}^{N} (I_h)^2$$

In the formula, I_h is the hharmonic current ratio, his the harmonic order number, Nis the highest order harmonic.

10.7 Harmonic Voltage RMS

PMAC770 measures 0~31stharmonic voltage RMS, data resolution: 0.01V. Users can read every order of harmonic voltage RMS from the LCD or communication.

Power Quality Analysis

10.8 Harmonic Current RMS

PMAC770 measures 0~31stharmonic current RMS, data resolution: 0.0001A. Users can read every order of harmonic current RMS from the LCD or communication.

10.9 Harmonic Power RMS

PMAC770 measures 0~31stharmonic power (total active power) RMS, data resolution: 0.1W. Users can read every order of harmonic power RMS from the LCD or communication.

10.10 Harmonic Energy

PMAC770 measures 0~13thharmonic energy (total kWh), data resolution: 0.1 kWh.

Users can read every order of harmonic energy from the LCD or communication.

10.11 Frequency Deviation

PMAC770 calculates the Frequency Deviation, data resolution: 0.01Hz

Frequency deviation means the difference between the actual frequency and the nominal frequency

Formula: Frequency Deviation = Actual Frequency – Nominal Frequency

Users can set the *Nominal Frequency* in PMAC770 via communication. There are 50Hz or 60Hz for option.

Besides, PMAC770 records the over-limit event for frequency deviation. Users can set a limit value for the frequency deviation.

When the real-time frequency deviation is out of limit, PMAC770 will record the event

with time stamp, its duration time and the Peak value. PMAC770 can store 30 events log for frequency deviation.

10.12 Voltage Deviation

PMAC770 calculates 3-phase voltage deviation which is the percentage of deviation compared with its nominal value.

Formula:

Voltage Deviation(%) = (Actual voltage - Nominal voltage)/ Nominal voltage × 100%

In above formula, the *Nominal voltage* is rated voltage. The voltage deviation has a negative or positive sign.

Besides, PMAC770 records the over-limit event for voltage deviation. Users can set a limit value for the voltage deviation.

When the real-time voltage deviation is out of limit, PMAC770 will record the event with time stamp, its duration time and the Peak value. PMAC770 can store 30 events log for voltage deviation.

10.13 Voltage Unbalance Rate

PMAC770 calculates 3 phase voltage unbalance rate. Data resolution: 1%.

Formula:

$$\varepsilon_{U} = \frac{U_{2}}{U_{1}} \times 100\%$$

U1 is 3-phase voltage positive-sequence component RMS

U2 is 3-phase voltage negative-sequence component RMS

Besides, PMAC770 records the over-limit event for voltage unbalance. Users can set a limit value for the voltage unbalance.

When the real-time voltage unbalance is out of limit, PMAC770 will record the event with time stamp, its duration time and the Peak value. PMAC770 can store 30 events log for voltage unbalance. Meanwhile, PMAC770 also records the Peak unbalance in present day/ month/ history.

10.14 Current Unbalance Rate

PMAC770 calculates 3 phase current unbalance rate. Data resolution: 1%.

Formula:

U1 is 3-phase current positive-sequence component RMS

U2 is 3-phase current negative-sequence component RMS

Users can check the current unbalance rate by communication and panel button.

11. Energy and Multi-tariff Energy Statics

11.1 General Description

According to the direction of power, PMAC770 calculates 4 quadrant kWh/ kvarh, apparent energy, multi-tariff energy and history energy data,

PMAC770 accumulates the energy value since it was powered on at the first time. (In that case users clear the energy to 0, the meter will re-accumulate the energy from 0) Until the value reach 99,999,999.9 kWh/ kvarh, it will auto-turnover.

Under different connection mode, PMAC770 accumulates the energy in different way, as below sheet:

Connection mode	Energy calculation
	Per phase 4 quadrant energy
3-phase 4-wire	Total energy
5-priase 4-wire	Multi-tariff energy
	History energy
	Total energy
3-phase 3-wire	Multi-tariff energy
	History energy

Note: User can clear the energy to 0 on panel by keys, or clear from communication.

11.2 Active Energy

PMAC770 calculates the active energy according to the accumulated active power.

And it distinguishes the direction of active/ reactive power to separately calculate per phase/ total active energy in 4 quadrants.

11.3 Reactive Energy

PMAC770 calculates the reactive energy according to the accumulated reactive power. And it distinguishes the direction of active/ reactive power to separately calculate per phase/ total reactive energy in 4 quadrants.

11.4 Apparent Energy

PMAC770 calculates the apparent energy according to the accumulated apparent power.

11.5 Multi-tariff Energy

PMAC770 statistics the import/ export kWh and import/ export kWh in different tariff. PMAC770 supports 2 tariff lists. Users can set the 2 lists separately. Each tariff list can be set max. 8 periods in one day and 4 different tariff (F1, F2, F3, F4 means 4 kinds of tariff, and F1 for Sharp, F2 for Peak, F3 for Flat, F4 for Valley).

Below example for setting the tariff lists:

Tariff List	Num. of period	Period order	Starting time (to end time)	Tariff				
		1st period	00:00 (to 03:00)	F1				
		2nd period	03:00 (to 06:00)	F2				
						3rd period	06:00 (to 09:00)	F4
Tariff List 1	8	4th period	09:00 (to 12:00)	F3				
		5th period	12:00 (to 15:00)	F1				
		6th period	15:00 (to 18:00)	F4				
		7th period	18:00 (to 21:00)	F2				

Energy and Multi-tariff Energy Statics

		8th period	21:00 (to 00:00)	F3
	5	1st period	06:00 (to 10:00)	F1
		2nd period	10:00 (to 12:00)	F2
Tariff List 2		3rd period	12:00 (to 14:00)	F1
		4th period	14:00 (to 20:00)	F3
		5th period	20:00 (to 06:00 of next day)	F4

There are 2 modes to calculate the multi-tariff energy: Date Mode and Holiday Mode.

Under Date Mode, it divides one year (365 days) into 2 periods

Under Holiday Mode, it divides the days by working day and holiday. Working day is from Monday. to Friday. Holiday is from Saturday to Sunday.

Below example for setting the mode:

Mode	Time Zone 1 (use the Tariff List 1)	Time Zone 2 (use the Tariff List 2)
Date Mode	From Apr.1 to Sep. 30	From Oct.1 to Mar.31 of next year
Holiday Mode	From Mon. to Fri.	From Sat. to Sun.

Attention

- 1. Users can divide one day (24 hours) up to 8 periods, and set 4 tariff maximum.
- 2. Each period must >15 minutes, and the duration must be a multiple of 15.
- 3. The starting time of each period must be in ascending order
- 4. The multi-tariff only can be set from communication. It can't be set on panel.
- 5. If 2 different periods use the same tariff, the meter will combine the energy of 2

Energy and Multi-tariff Energy Statics

periods together.

6. The system default that: Time Zone 1 uses the Tariff List 1, and Time Zone 2 use the Tariff List 2. User can't change it.

11.6History Energy

PMAC770 statistics daily energy of last 31 days, and statistics monthly energy of last 12 months. User can read the history energy as below:

Daily energy of last 31 days	Import kWh/ kvarh, Export kWh/ kvarh
Monthly energy of last 12 months	(Each tariff) Import kWh/ kvarh,
	(Each tariff) Export kWh/ kvarh

12. Record Function

12.1 General Description

In order to facilitate users to do various fault analysis, PMAC770 provides up to 100 records of SOE event and 30 records of over-limit event for frequency deviation/ voltage deviation/ voltage unbalance. Users can easily and quickly position seeking the fault from the SOE event counter.

Additional, PMAC770 also provides records of Max. demand and Max./ Min. data for users doing analysis of electricity consumption.

12.2 SOE Event Log

PMAC770 can record the event of switch and relay position (i.e. ON/ OFF status.)

The event is recorded with time stamp which is stored in PMAC770 by UNIX time format. Time resolution is 1ms. The UNIX time is a system for describing instances in time, defined as the number of seconds that have elapsed since the midnight 00:00:00 on January 1, 1970.

From PILOT software, users can see the event as below format:

No.		Event
1	2011-07-28 09:31:34 792ms	Relay 1 ON

[.] For more details, please refer to PMAC770 Modbus Register List

Record Function

12.3Frequency Deviation Record

User can set the frequency deviation over-limit value in PMAC770 (default limit:

0.2Hz, setting range: 0~10Hz).When the | frequency deviation | > limit, PMAC770 records the deviation starting time, ending time, and the Max. deviation (value with sign). Users can find the record from panel and communication.

Once the event happen, users can find the record in PILOT software as below format:

No.	Event	
1	2011-07-28 09:31:34 to 2011-07-28 09:32: 15, frequency deviation,	
	Max. value is 0.50Hz	

For more details, please refer to PMAC770 Modbus Register List

12.4Voltage Deviation Record

User can set the voltage deviation over-limit value in PMAC770 (default limit: 10%, setting range: 0~99.99%). When the | voltage deviation | > limit, PMAC770 records the deviation starting time, ending time, and the Max. deviation (value with sign). Users can find the record from panel and communication.

Once the event happen, users can find the record in PILOT software as below format:

No.	Event		
1	2011-07-28 15:02:25to 2011-07-28 15:30:46, voltage deviation, Max.		
	value is -14%		

For more details, please refer to PMAC770 Modbus Register List

12.5 Voltage Unbalance Rate Deviation Record

User can set the voltage unbalance over-limit value in PMAC770 (default limit: 20%, setting range: 0~100%). When unbalance > limit, PMAC770 records the unbalance starting time, ending time, and the Max. unbalance value. Users can find the record from panel and communication.

Once the event happen, users can find the record in PILOT software as below format:

1	No.	Event
1	2011-07-28 06:05:25to 2011-07-28 06:28:35, voltage unbalance Max.	
	unbalance value is 24%	

For more details, please refer to PMAC770 Modbus Register List

12.6 Max. Demand Record

PMAC770 records the max. demand for 3-phase current, total active power, total reactive power, total apparent power.

When the instant demand exceeds the history maximum demand, PMAC770 will record the new maximum data with time stamp.

User can clear the Max. demand record from panels and communication.

12.7 Real time Max./ Min. Record

PMAC770 records the max./ min. for 3-phase voltage (ph-N and ph-ph)/ 3-phase current/ active power/ reactive power/ apparent power.

When the instant value exceeds the history maximum or lower than history minimum, PMAC770 will record the new max./ min. data with time stamp.

User can clear the Max./ Min. record from panels and communication.

Record Function

12.8 Running Time Record

PMAC770 provide running time record function. Record object including: 1: Null. 2.:

Voltage measurement. 3: Current measurement. 4: Power of the Meter. Just one

subject can be regarded as the standard of running time, when the conditions meet

the requirement, running time measurement function start.

Null: Running time forbid

Voltage measurement: When the voltage (for 3 phase at the same time) within a

certain range, running time start. Voltage up limit / lower limit can be set by the client,

data format same as measuring value (secondary side); If the condition can not meet,

time stop, 3 phase 4 wire object is phase-N voltage, 3 phase 3 wire is Ph-Ph voltage.

Single phase 2 wire is Ph-Ph voltage.

Current measurement: When the current (for 3 phase at the same time) large than a

certain value, running time start. Current value can be set by the client, data format

same as measuring value (secondary side); If the condition can not meet, time stop,

single phase 2 wire is Ph-N current

Power for the Meter: When power On, running time start

When the object changed from one to the other, running time will be cleared

automatically,

Running time Unit: Hour, resolution: 0.1

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13. Setpoint Alarm

13.1 General Description

PMAC770 provides setpoint alarm for all parameters. It supports monitor 2 parameters at the same time.

There are 2 setpoint types: Over-limit and Under-limit. Users can set the limit as per requirement.

13.2 Setpoint Object

PMAC770 can monitor 27 kinds of parameters, as below:

Object	Parameter
Voltage	Va, Vb, Vc, neutral voltage, average phase voltage,
voltage	Vab, Vbc, Vca, average line voltage
Current	la, lb, lc, neutral current, average current
Power factor	PFa, PFb, PFc, PFtot
Frequency	Frequency
	Voltage unbalance,
	Phase A voltage THD
	Phase B voltage THD
Power quality	Phase C voltage THD
	Phase A current THD
	Phase B current THD
	Phase C current THD
Null	No object

Setpoint Alarm

13.3Alarm Condition

13.3.1 Set over/ under limit

After set the monitoring object, users need to set the alarm condition, i.e. set the over/ under limit value. For setting range of the parameter, please refer to **PMAC770**

Modbus Register List

Note: When setting the over/ under limit, if the limit value is out of measuring range, the setting will be invalid.

Take the frequency for example:

Measuring range for frequency: 45-65Hz, default rated voltage is 50Hz. Setpoint limit range: 0-65535

13.3.2 Set the delay time

After set the over/ under limit, users need to set the delay time. Setting range: 0~99s. Only it satisfy two conditions that, the monitored object over/ under limit and lasting to delay time, will the setpoint channel be activated. If set the delay time to 0, it means setpoint channel will be activated once the object over/ under limit.

13.4 Alarm Output

When the setpoint channel of one relay output is activated, the relay will output signal.

One SOE event is record.

13.5 Example

Users want to monitor phase A voltage and set the over-limit to 65535 Ue, linking with relay 1, set the delay time to 30s. If the actual phase A voltage exceed to the limit and lasting to 30s, then the relay 1 will output the signal. If the phase A voltage return to

limit value within 30s, the relay 1 will not respond.

Note

- 1. If set the delay time to 0, it means setpoint channel will be activated once the object over/ under limit.
- 2. If no setting the monitor object, it means no relay alarm function.

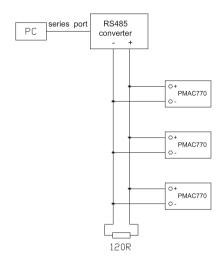
14. Auxiliary Function

14.1 Communication

PMAC770 provides one RS485 port in basic module, and provides another one as

optional function. The two RS485 ports are independent from each other. Normally, on site, one RS485 is enough. Please refer to below connection diagram.

Attention: In the field, in order to avoid signal reflecting, it's common to connect a 120Ω resistance at the end of RS485 network for signal matching.



14.1.2 Communication Medium

The communication medium is No. 22 STP (Shielded twisted pair). Maximum 32 units of meters can be connected in one RS485circuit. If there is no repeater, the communication bus should notlonger than 1,200m.

14.1.3 Communication Protocol

PMAC770 support standard Modbus-RTU protocol. For more details, please refer to PMAC770 Modbus Register List.

14.1.4 Communication Parameters

Communication between master and slave device will be available under correctly setting the communication parameters.

The parameters include:

- ♦ Address: Every meter has its exclusive address. Setting range: 1~247.
- ♦ Baudrate of RS485 port 1: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 (programmable)
- Baudrate of RS485 port 2: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 (programmable)

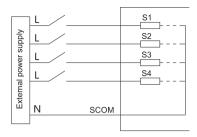
14.1.5 Strong Power Prevention

The RS485 terminals of PMAC770 have the strong power burning prevention function. It means that, even there is 220VAC access to the RS485 terminals (within 5 minutes), the communication board will not be burnt. And the communication will be recovered once cut off the power.

14. 2 Status Input

PMAC770 provides 3 status input as basic feature apply to monitor the ON/ OFF position of breakers or switchers etc.. Besides, it also provides up to 8 optional status input which is flexible to meet different requirement.

The status input of PMAC770 is wet contact, requires connecting external power supply 220VAC/ 50Hz. The example of connection as below:



External active contact input (wet contact)

Generally, when external contact is ON, the linking status input channel on PMAC770 LCD will be ON. When external contact is OFF, the linking status input channel on PMAC770 LCD will be OFF.

From the communication, 0 means OFF, 1 means ON.

14. 3 Relay Output

PMAC770 basic unit provides 2 relay output, and Users can add one optional Relay Output Module which provides the other 2 relay output.

Relay node capacity: 250VAC/5A. There are 2 kinds of relay control mode: Local control and Remote control.

Under local mode, the relay is used for the setpoint function to monitor the parameter. In case the parameter is over/ under limit, the relay will respond, and output signal. (Please refer to *Chapter13Setpoint Alarm* for more description).

Under remote control mode, users can remote control the relay according to requirement.

The action of relay is different in two modes. So, users should firstly distinguish the relay is in remote control mode or in local control mode.

The default relay control mode of PMAC770 is remote control. Users can change the mode by keys on panel or via communication.

 Remote control (external): The relay is controlled by a PC or PLC using commands through communication.

Release time: Release time is defined as the time since from the relay status is changed by PC or PLC to the relay recover. If set the release time to 0, it means that the relay will not recover.

User can set the release time by keys on panel or via communication.

 Local control (internal) - The relay will respondence the electrical parameters satisfy alarm conditions. (Please refer to *Chapter13Setpoint Alarm* for more description).

Delay time: Delay time is defined as the time since over/ under limit happens. If set the delay time to 0, it means the relay responds as soon as over/ under limit happens.

When the relay is under remote control mode, even though the local control conditions have been set, the relay will not respond. The relay mode must be set to local control mode, otherwise, it will not alarm for over/ under limit.

14.44~20mA Analog Input (optional module)

In some projects, for example where request to monitor the main transformers, to measure the non-electric parameters such as the temperature or pressure, users can choose one AI module. Each AI module provides 2 channels of 4~20mA analog input. Each meter can only support one AI module.

14.5 Pulse Output (optional module)

Each meter can only support one PO module. The PO Module provides 2 channels of pulse output for statistic the energy.

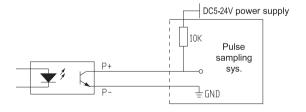
The first channel is for active energy (kWh), second channel is for reactive energy (kvarh). The formula is 1 pulse = 1 \div pulse constant \times CT \times PT (kWh or kvarh).

Pulse constant: 1000 ~9999 programmable, factory default set 1000

Pulse width: 60~100ms programmable, factory default set 80ms

User can set the pulse constant and width by keys on panel or via communication.

Below figure is a typical example of pulse output wiring.



14.6Analog Output (optional module)

Each meter can only support one AO module. The AO module provides 2 channels of 4~20mA analog output.

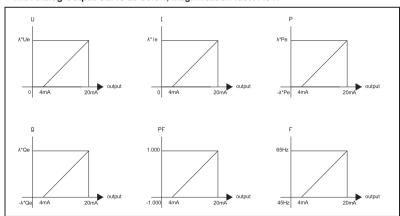
Output maximum load is 500 ohm, output range is 4~20mA, overload: 1.2 times.

The analog output channels can be defined to associate with various parameters include 3-phase voltage (ph-ph, or ph-N), 3-phase current, total active power, total reactive power, total power factor, frequency etc.

Below figure is a typical example of pulse output wiring.



The Analog Output Curve as below, Magnification factor is λ



Note:		
In above formula:	In above formula:	
is the real measurement of analog value,	is rated voltage (ph-ph).	
unit: mA.	is rated current	
is the rated power, unit: W or var.		
is the magnification factor. Range: 1~10.		
Factory default set =1		

The analog output channels can be defined to associate with any one of below parameters

Analog output object		
Phase voltage: Va, Vb, Vc		
Line voltage: Vab, Vbc, Vca		
la, lb, lc		
Ptot		
Qtot		
PFtot		
F		

Remark: if set the analog output object to frequency or PFtot, it's meaningless to set the magnification factor, default =1

14.7 Ethernet TCP/IP& 64M bit Memory (optional module)

The module support Ethernet TCP/IP and memory function (space of the Memory module is 64M bit). Each meter can only support one Memory module. It realized function as below:

- Modbus TCP function
- Support Web real-time inquiry data
- Support parameter setting of the web
- Support to save monitoring data regularly
- Support FTP for download memory data

Note:

- (1) In case the power meter is suddenly power off, it could cause the data lost in one hour.
- (2) The data can be stored after continuous power on for one hour.

14.7.1 Install

This Module can be directly inserted to the extend interface of PMAC770 basic unit.

The module is not hot-swappable (the module is not hot swappable, after insert the memory module, the meter should be restarted to recognize the memory function).

Before insert or pull out the Memory Module, users should power off the meter.

Otherwise, it can damage to the meter.

Network structure as blow:



14.7.2 Specification of Memory Module

Parameter	Specification
Space	64Mbit
Time for Device from	.2
power on to full start	≤3 second
Module house	
electrostatic protection	Level 4
level	
Speed	500~1000ms
OperatingTemperature	-10~55℃
Humidity	20%~90% (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-20~60℃
Average failure-free time	300000 hours

When Ethernet is connect,	
rate of communication	<0.02%
failure	
Data save interval	5 min

14.7.3 Function Description

The memory module works with the PMAC770 basic unit to save the measured data regularly (interval is settable: 1min, 5 min, 10min, 15min, 30min). It saves the parameters as below:

- > 3-phase voltage (3p4w) / 3-line voltage(3p3w)
- > 3-phase current
- Frequency
- 3-phase active power
- 3-phase reactive power
- Totalactive power,total reactive power,totalapparent power, totalpowerFactor
- Import and Export active energy
- Import and Export reactive energy

Time interval for data saving	Data saving cycle
1min	88 days
5min	440 days
10min	880 days
15min	3.5 year
30min	7 year

14.7.4 Web function

The module support web real-time data inquiry and web parameter configuration function. When log-in the web, we need to set the IP of the PC the same with PMAC770 segment, but different IP.

For example, if PMAC770 IP is 192.168.8.100, subnet mask is 255. 255.240.0 IP address of PC can set as 192.168.N.M (N range from 0~15, M range from 1 ~254) After setting, customer can login 192.168.8.100 from IE. The Web will monitoring below data:

Data item	Option module
3-phase phase voltage	•
3-phase line voltage	•
3-phase current	•
3-phase active power & total active	
power	•
3-phase reactive power & total reactive	
power	•
3 phase apparent power & total	•

apparent power	
Total active power	•
Total reactive power	•
Frequency	•
DI	11
DO	4
AI	2
Parameter configuration	•
System information	

14.7.5MODBUS-TCP function

The module is only for convert MODBUS-RTU to MODBUS-TCP.

14.7.6 For more details

For more details, please refer to the PMAC770 LAN Module Manual .

15. Technical Specification

Metering	True RMS, 1 sec refresh time	
Input	Rated current: 1A or 5A Rated voltage: Optional 120V, 220V, 240V, 277V, 398Vph-N (direct) Or 100V, 110Vph-ph (via PT) PT secondary: 100Vor 110Vph-ph (optional) Frequency: 50 or 60 Hz (optional)	
Overload Instantaneous current: 10 times / sec Instantaneous voltage: 2 times / sec		
Status input	Wet contact. Require external power supply For high voltage meter, require power supply for DI: 100Vac ± 25%. For low voltage meter, require power supply for DI: 220Vac ± 25%.	
Relay output	Node capacity: 250Vac/5A	
Pulse output	Pulse output value: 1000~9999imp/ kWh Pulse width: 60~100ms programmable	

Starting current	0.1%I _n
Power frequency withstand voltage	AC 2KV/minute
Insulation resistance	≥50MΩ
Impulse withstand voltage	4kV (peak), 1.2/50 <i>uS</i>
Power supply	When order No. is P1: 85~265Vac, 85~265Vdc When order No. is P2: 100~420Vac, 100~400Vdc
Power loss	When order No. is P1, power loss <10VA When order No. is P2, power loss <15VA
Communication	RS485 serial, support Modbus-RTU Baud rate: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400bps Address: 1~247
Dimension (L x W x H)	Panel: 96 x 96 x 13.5 mm Cut-out: 96 x 96 x 58.6mm (basic unit) 96 x 96 x 80.1 mm (basic unit + optional module)
IP index	IP52 (front panel) and IP30 (case)
Weight	Basic unit: approx 400gr.
	Operating temperature: -10 $^{\circ}\!$

Technical Specification

Environment

Storage temperature: -40°C~ +70 °C

Humidity: 5%~95% non-condensing

Height:≤2000m

Parameter	Accuracy	Resolution	Measuring Range
			Direct: 5%~120% of rating
Voltage	0.2%	0.01V	PT primary: 0~65.00kV
			PT secondary:100Vph-ph or 110V
Current	0.2%	0.0001A	CT primary: 0~9,999A
Current	0.2%	0.000 TA	CT secondary: 1 A or 5A
Power	0.50/	0.0001	Per phase: 0~649.9MW/ Mvar/ MVA
Power	0.5%	kW/ kvar/ kVA	Total: 0~1949.8MW/ Mvar/ MVA
Power factor	0.5%	0.001	-1.000~+1.000
Frequency	0.5%	0.01Hz	45~ 65 Hz
Active energy	0.5%	0.1kWh	0~ 99,999,999.9 kWh
Reactive energy	2.0%	0.1kvarh	0~ 99,999,999.9 kvarh
THD	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%
Individual	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%
harmonic	1.076	0.001	0-100.076
Un-balance	1.0%	0.001	0~100.0%
Time	±0.5s		0~ 24 hours

Technical Specification

ltem	Standard	Level
Oscillatory waves immunity test	IEC61000-4-12:1995	III
Electrostatic discharge immunity	IEC61000-4-2:2001	III
Radiated,radio-frequency,Electromagnetic field immunity test	IEC61000-4-3:1998	IV
Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test	IEC61000-4-4:1998	III
Surge immunity test	IEC61000-4-5:2005	III
Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC61000-4-6:1998	III
Power frequency magnetic field immunity test	IEC61000-4-6:2001	III
Electromagnetic emission limit value	IEC60255-25:2000	OK
Power frequency immunity test	IEC61000-4-8:2001	Α
Overvoltage class	UL61010-1:2008	CAT III

16. Maintenance and Trouble Shooting

Possible problem	Possible cause	Possible solution
The meter has no indication after the control power supply is imposed.	The power supply fails to be imposed on the meter.	Check if the correct working voltage has been imposed on the L/+ and N/- terminals of the meter. Check if the fuse for the control power supply has been burnt down.
The measured value is not correct or does not conform to the expectation.	The voltage measurement is not correct.	Check if the neutral point has been connected reliably. Check if the measured voltage matches the rated parameter of the meter. Check if PT ratio has been set correctly.
	The current measurement is not correct.	Check if the measured current matches the rated parameter of the meter. Check if CT ratio has been set correctly.

Maintenance and Trouble Shooting

		Check if the connection mode has been
		set correctly.
	The power	Check if the phase sequence
	measurement is not	corresponding to the voltage and the
	correct.	current is correct.
		Check if the wiring of current terminals
		are correct
	T. D	Check if the types of external nodes
The DI status is not	The DI operating voltage is not correct.	match the rated parameters of the meter.
change		Check if the external connection is
		correct.
The relay no respond	The relay does not receive the control command.	Check if the communication link is correct.
	The working mode of the relay is not correct.	Check if the current relay is under the correct control mode.

	The operating time has not been set correctly.	Check the setting of the operating time of the relay. For the specific information, refer to the content regarding relays of the operation manual.
No analog output.	The analog is set as "disable" or wrong object.	Check through communication the setting of analog.
No pulse output or incorrect pulse output	The setting of the pulse object or constant is wrong.	Check if the pulse output channels is activated Check if the pulse constant is set correctly.
The upper end device can not communicate	Communication address error	Check if the address of the meter is consistent with its definition or if there are more than two identical addresses in the same network.
with the meter.	Baud rate error	Check if the baud rate setting on the meter is consistent with the upper end device.

Maintenance and Trouble Shooting

The communication	
link has not been	Check if the 120-Ohm resistor has been
connected to the	connected.
terminal resistor.	
The communication link suffers interference.	Check if the communication-shielding layer has been earthed effectively.
The communication	Check if the communication cable has
line is interrupted.	been disconnected.

Notice:

 PILOT reserves the right to modify this manual without prior notice in view of continued improvement.

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